### PHARMACOPEIAL DISCUSSION GROUP

### **CORRECTION 1**

# **E24-LACTOSE, MONOHYDRATE**

(Correction to Rev. 2 signed on June 5, 2008)

	Harmonized attributes		
	EP	JP	USP
Definition	+	+	+
Clarity and color of solution	+(1)	+	+
Identification IR	+	+	+
Identification (TLC)	+(2)	-	+
Specific optical rotation	+	+	+
Acidity or alkalinity	+	+	+
Water	+	+	+
Residue on ignition	+	+	+
Loss on drying	-	+	+
Protein and light-absorbing	+	+	+
impurities			
Microbial limits (TAMC, E. coli)	+	+	+
Microbial limits (TYMC)	_	+	+

- (1) In EP, reference suspension I is used to evaluate the opalescence of the solution in the test for clarity and colour of solution. Each pharmacopeia has similar but minor difference in the acceptance criteria.
- (2) In EP, the identification test by TLC is included in the second series of identification.

Legend + will adopt and implement; - will not stipulate

### Non-harmonized attributes

Characters/Description, Packaging and storage, Labeling

#### Local requirements

EP	JP	USP
Identification (water),	The definition section also	The definition section includes the
Second identification	covers granulated lactose, It	following: "NOTE—Lactose
(TLC, colour reaction,	also states: "It is a	Monohydrate may be modified as to
water);	disaccharide obtained from	its physical characteristics. It may
FRC (Particle-size	milk, consist of one unit of	contain varying proportions of
distribution, Bulk and	glucose and one unit of	amorphous lactose."
tapped density)	galactose."	
	The test for water is restricted	
	to granulated forms (4.0-	
	5.5%);	

Heavy metals;	
Microbial limits: Salmonella	

## Reagents and reference materials

Each pharmacopeia will adapt the text to take account of local reference materials and reagent specifications.

European	Pharmaco <sub>1</sub>	poeia
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Signature:

Date

240119

oct 2nd, 2017

Japanese Pharmacopoeia

Hotala

Signature:

Date

United States Pharmacopeia

Signature:

Iti.m

Date

02-047.2011