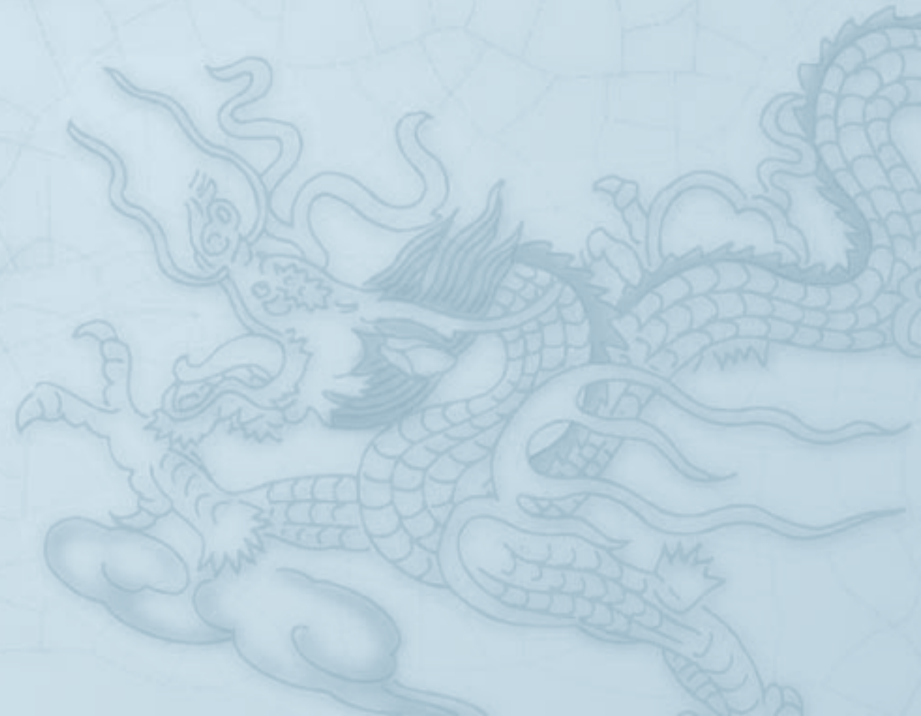


The latest progresses in development of Chinese pharmaceutical industry and administration of drug registration

**Department of Drug Registration, State Food
and Drug Administration**

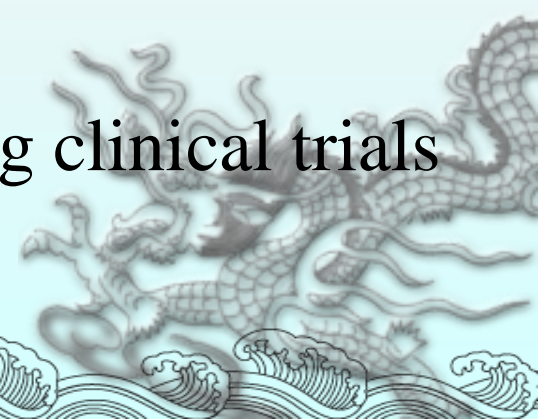
Zhang Wei

2010.5.28 Bei Jing



Overview

- 1 Progresses in construction of the regulatory system for administration of drug registration in 2009
- 2 Several important measures in the domain of drug registration
- 3 Data analysis of administration of drug registration in 2009
- 4 Data of pharmaceutical industry development in 2009
- 5 Application and approval status of drug clinical trials in China

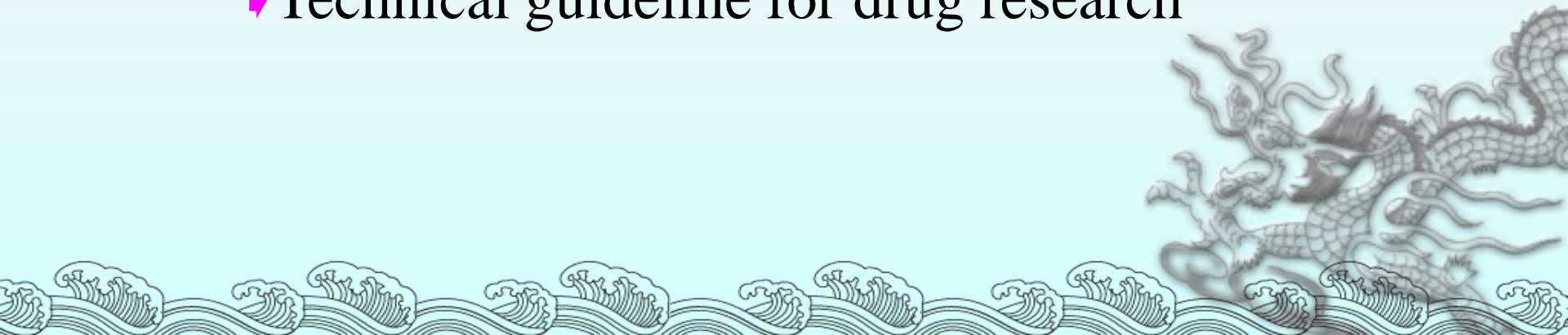


**Progresses in construction of the
regulatory system for administration
of drug registration in 2010**



Regulatory system for administration of drug registration

- ▶ Regulatory system for drug administration
- ▶ Regulatory system for administration of drug registration
- ▶ Technical guideline for drug research



Regulatory system for administration of drug registration

Provisions for Drug Registration

Regulations for Special Review and Approval for Drug Registration

Supplementary Rules for Registration of Traditional Chinese Medicine

Regulations for Technology Transfer Registration of Drugs

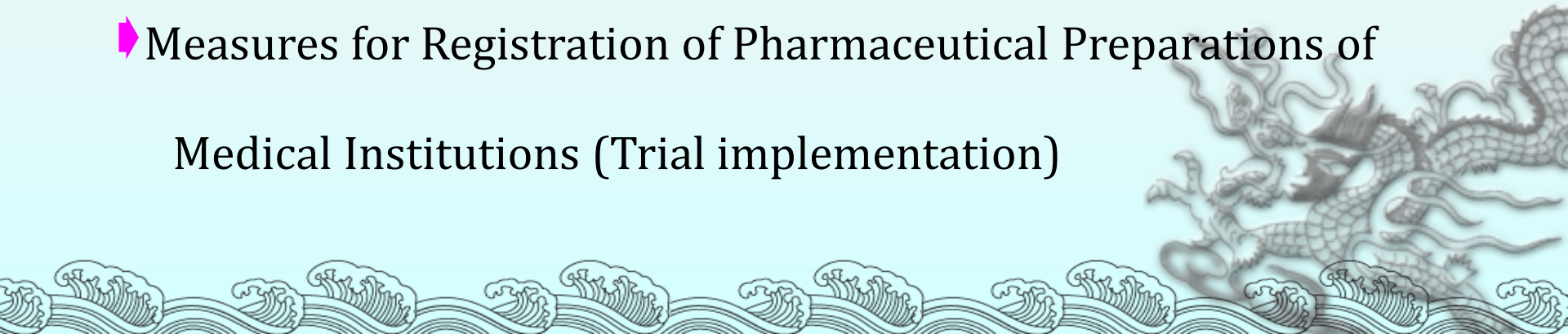
Provisions for on-site Inspection for Drug Registration



Regulatory system for administration of drug registration

■ Other standard documentation

- ▶ Guideline for Protection of Traditional Chinese Medicinal Products
- ▶ Administrative requirements for biological products
- ▶ Rules for Administration of Record Filing of pharmaceutical raw materials and adjuvant (under study and formulation)
- ▶ Measures for Registration of Pharmaceutical Preparations of Medical Institutions (Trial implementation)



Regulatory system for administration of drug registration

**Provisions for drug
standards**



Under study and formulation



“Provisions for Drug Registration”

Chapter 15 Article 177



Supplementary documentation for newly revised “Measures”

“Supplementary Rules for Registration of Traditional Chinese Medicine” (Article 22)

“Provisions for on-site Inspection for Drug Registration” (Chapter 6 Article 55)

“Regulations for Special Review and Approval for Drug Registration” (Article 22)

“Regulations for Technology Transfer Registration of Drugs” (Chapter 4 Article 26)



***“Regulations for Special Review
and Approval for Drug Registration”***



Four detailed rules for implementation “Writing guide for independent filing of varieties for special review and approval”

*“Detailed rules for implementation of
communication and exchange working mechanism
of varieties for special review and approval ”*

*“Writing format of communication meeting memoir
of varieties for special review and approval”*

*“information disclosure of varieties for special
review and approval”*



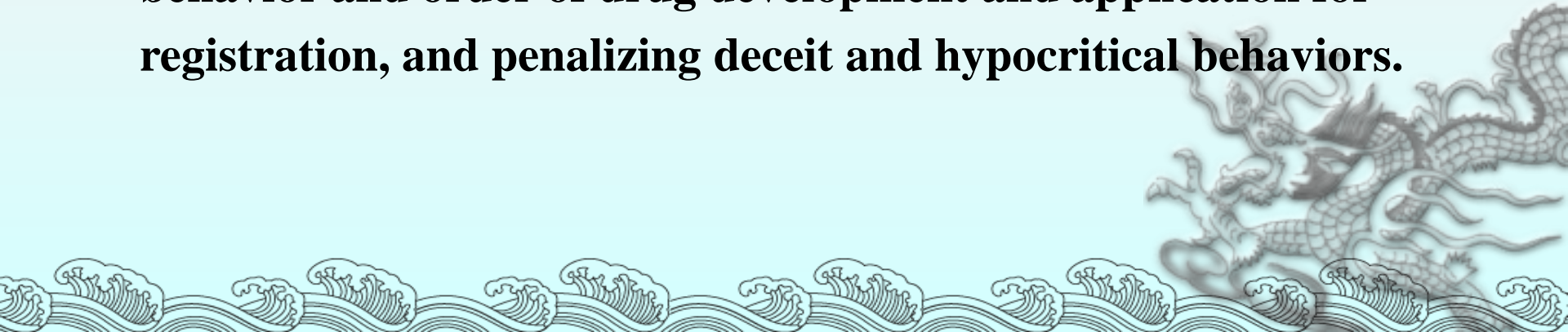
Status of implementation and progress

- ◆ Twenty-eight drug varieties have entered into special review and approval process up to present including 23 chemical drugs and 5 biological products.
- ◆ Specific category and condition of these varieties: There are 27 chemical raw materials and preparations, and biological products that have not been approved for marketing domestically or internationally [satisfying Article 2 (2)]. One is a new drug with therapeutic advantages or ability to treat diseases of no effective treatment [Article 2 (3)].
- ◆ In addition, the 11 varieties that were evaluated per “Regulations for special review and approval of drugs” are drugs and vaccines for treatment or prevention of H1N1 flu.



“Provisions for on-site Inspection for Drug Registration”

- ▶ **Reflect scientific regulatory philosophy of “Stress approval and enforce supervision”**
- ▶ **Ensure authentic, scientific and standard properties of application materials and samples**
- ▶ **Safeguard drug safety from the source by standardizing behavior and order of drug development and application for registration, and penalizing deceit and hypocritical behaviors.**



*“Regulations for Technology Transfer
Registration of Drugs”*





Technical guidance system for drug research



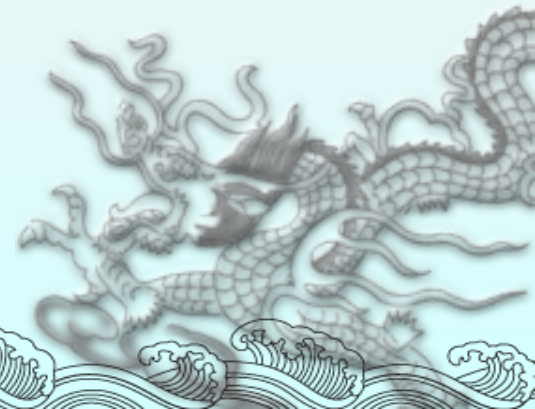
Technical guidance for drug research

- ▶ **Standardize drug R&D behaviors and improve overall R&D performance**
- ▶ **Introduction of “ICH” technical guideline**
- ▶ **Facility international mutual recognition of drug registration and coordination of standards in response to global simultaneous drug development**
- ▶ **Continue to improve requirements for drug safety in response to issues revealed during monitoring and supervision**



Technical guidance for drug research

- ▶ **Published officially: 80**
- **Chemical drugs: 31 (“Technical guideline for necessity of drug carcinogenic test” will be published shortly)**
- **Traditional Chinese medicine: 12**
- **Biological products: 26**
- **Cross-disciplinary: 6**
- **General guideline: 5**



Technical guidance for drug research

- ▶ Ongoing invitation for comments
- Chemical drugs: 4
- Traditional Chinese medicine: 1

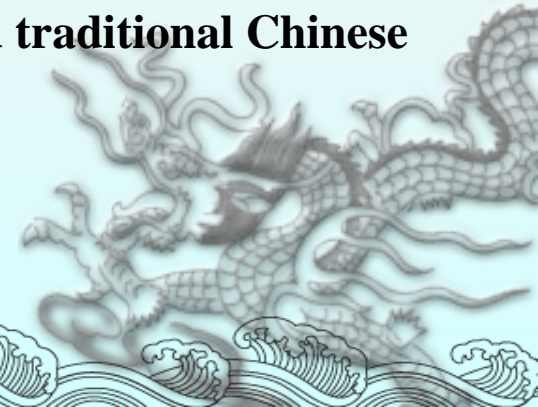


Technical guidance for drug research

Examples:

— — Improve requirements for drug safety in response to issues revealed during monitoring and supervision. The followings are technical requirements and technical guidelines published in 2008 from time to time:

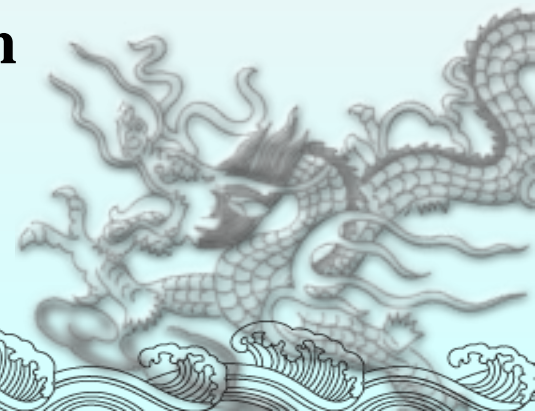
- Basic technical requirements for chemical drug injection
- Basic technical requirements for injections of multi-component biochemical drugs
- Technical guideline for modification study of marketed chemical drugs
- Technical guideline for modification study of marketed traditional Chinese medicine



Several important measures in drug registration



- ◆ **Standardize on-site inspection for drug registration**
- ◆ **Evaluated GCP implementation by clinical research organizations**
- ◆ **Initiated drug re-registration**
- ◆ **Insist on scientific evaluation and reinforce risk control**
- ◆ **Increase level of openness and transparency in technical review and approval**
- ◆ **Increase efficiency of review and approval**
- ◆ **Initiated review and approval of drugs for emergency prevention and control**
- ◆ **Promote informatization of drug registration comprehensively**



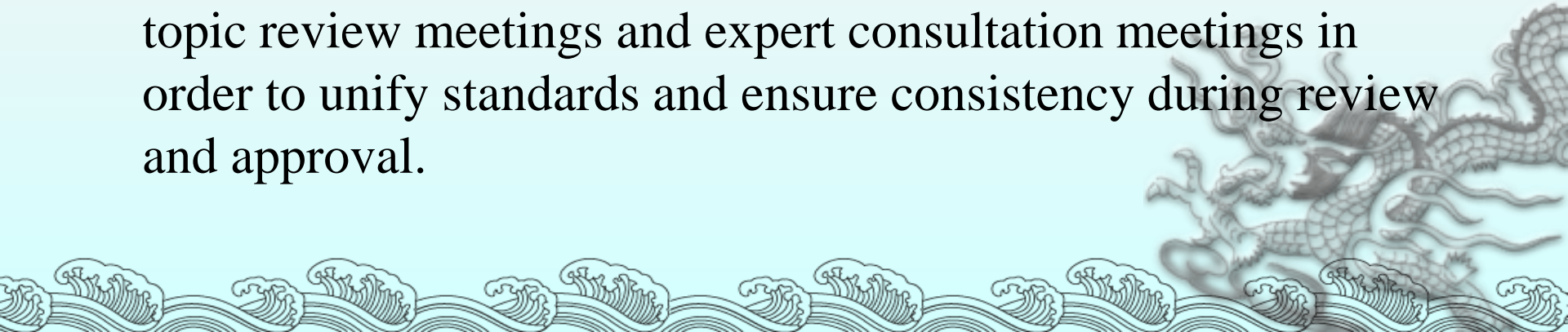
Standardize on-site inspection for drug registration

- ◆ Each provincial bureaus has established:
 - ◆ ——Detailed rules for implementation and working procedures for on-site inspection of drug registration
 - ◆ ——Rules and regulations for inspectors
- ◆ A total 3721 on-site inspections for registration applications have been completed in 31 provinces nationwide



Insist on scientific evaluation and reinforce risk control

- ◆ Initiated study of "Requirements for submission of application materials in Common technical document (CTD) format" for chemical generic drugs
- ◆ Formulated and implemented "Technical guideline for necessity of drug carcinogenic test"
- ◆ Ensure that approval conclusions are supported by scientific evidence by using third party validation approach
- ◆ Solve challenging and common issues by convening special topic review meetings and expert consultation meetings in order to unify standards and ensure consistency during review and approval.



Increase level of openness and transparency in technical evaluation

- ◆ Disclosed approximately 70 cases of evaluation
- ◆ Communication and exchange with applicants: expert consultation meetings, voluntary consultation meetings, video conferences, and teleconferences
- ◆ In review and approval of type A H1N1 flu vaccines, open evaluation was adopted to achieve “On-site voting, safe and effective vaccine; public participation, open and transparent evaluation ”
- ◆ Communication and exchange with all levels of society are strengthened continuously in the forms of counseling day, open day, director’s mailbox, and Internet information feedback to facilitate openness and transparency in evaluation and accomplish “sunlight evaluation” gradually.



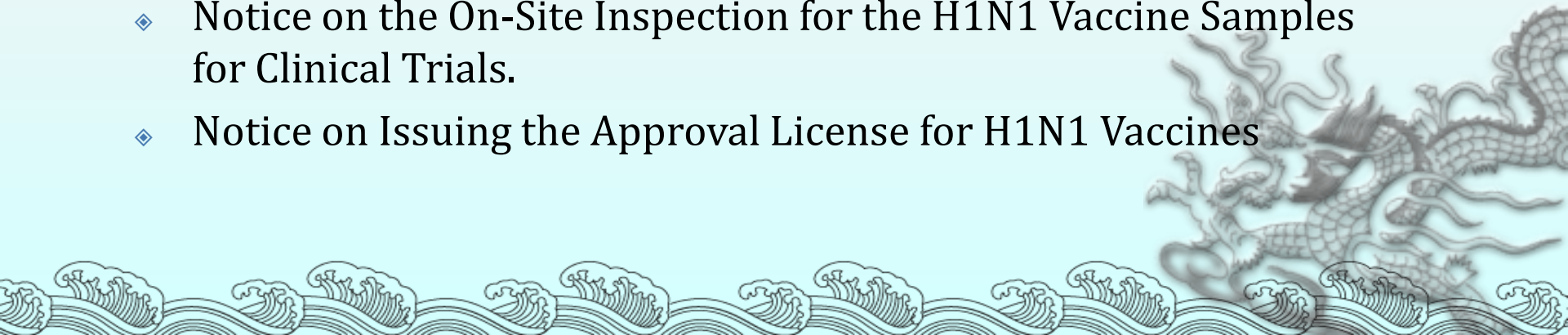
Open and transparent measures used in 2009 technical evaluation

| Measures and methods | Quantity | Measures and methods | Quantity |
|--|--|---|--|
| 1.Open evaluation | Open evaluation and on-site voting for 10 H1NI flu vaccines of 10 companies | 6. Video conferences | 10 times |
| 2.Disclose cases of evaluations | 70 cases of evaluation and issue analysis were disclosed on the website | 7. Seminars | 14 times and over 4000 participants |
| 3. Open days | 11 groups and 281 participants | 8. Voluntary counseling meeting (Communication meetings) | 80 times |
| 4.Counseling day | Accommodated over 4000 participants | 9. Expert consultation meetings | 11 times and, 282 drugs |
| 5.Information release | Responded to over 1600 inquiries | | |

Initiated review and approval of drugs for emergency prevention and control

The followings were issued successively in response to emergency situations:

- ◆ Notice on the Preparation of H1N1 Vaccine Production
- ◆ Work Plan on the Special Review and Approval for H1N1 Vaccines
- ◆ Work Plan on the Review and Approval of H1N1 Vaccines
- ◆ Key Items on the Research and Development of H1N1 Vaccines
- ◆ Notice on Strengthening the Regulation on Research and Development of H1N1 Vaccines
- ◆ Notice on the On-Site Inspection for the H1N1 Vaccine Samples for Clinical Trials.
- ◆ Notice on Issuing the Approval License for H1N1 Vaccines



To Promote the IT System on Drug Registration

- ◆ The NDRC approved SFDA's proposal on Phase I IT System on Drug Regulation on September 30, 2009.
- ◆ The Department of Drug Registration established the IT system on the Insert Sheet and Labeling of Drugs and initiated the testing program on that system.

IT systems to be established in 2010 :

- ◆ IT system on the Filing of APIs and Excipients.
- ◆ IT system on the Drug Standards Management



Data Analysis of drug registration in 2009



Drug Registration Approval in 2009

Drug Registration Approval in 2009

| Drug category | Centralized evaluation | Routine review and approval |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Chemical Drugs | 834 | 548 |
| Traditional Chinese Medicine | 1474 | 92 |
| Biological Products | / | 38 |
| Imported | / | 114 |
| Subtotal | 2308 | 792 |
| Grandtotal | 3100 | |

The Drug Approvals made in accordance with the newly revised Provisions on Drug Registration

The Drug Approvals made in accordance with the newly revised Provisions on Drug Registration in 2009

| Type of Registration | Approval for domestic production | | | | Approval for Importation |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------|-------|--------------------------|
| | New Drugs | Changed Dosage Forms | Generics | Total | |
| Chemical Drugs | 175 | 17 | 356 | 548 | 100 |
| Traditional Chinese Medicine | 72 | 8 | 12 | 92 | 1 |
| Biological Products | 38 | | | 38 | 13 |
| Subtotal | 678 | | | | 114 |
| Grandtotal | 792 | | | | |

Various Categories of Domestic New Drugs approved in 2009

| Classification of registration | Type 1 | Type 2 | Type 3 | Type 4 | Type 5 | Type 6 |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--------|--|
| Chemical Drugs | 13 inc: 1.1, 2; 1.3, 2; 1.5, 6, Original Class I, 3 | 20 inc: 2, 1 Original class II, 19 | 95 inc: 3.1,69; 3.2,18; 3.3,4; 3.4,2; Original Class III, 2 | 47 inc: 4, 14; Original Class IV, 33 | / | / |
| Traditional Chinese Medicine | | | | | 2 | 70 Inc: 6, 65; Original Class VI,5 |

NOTE: Calculated according to Number of Receiving and Acceptance.



Ratio of the Compounds or TCM preparations and the Number of Receiving and Acceptance

| | Approvals for Chemical Drugs | | | Approvals for TCMs | | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | New Drugs | Changed Dosage Forms | Generics | New Drugs | Changed Dosage Forms | Generics |
| Compounds or Prescriptions | 94 | 16 | 142 | 72 | 8 | 12 |
| Number of Receiving and Acceptance | 175 | 17 | 356 | 65 | 8 | 11 |
| Ration | 1:1.9 | 1:1.1 | 1:2.5 | 1:1.1 | 1:1 | 1:1 |

This ration can show the status of repeated application. The statistics show that the ration of chemical compounds for new drugs and the number of receiving and acceptance is 1:1.9, for the changed dosage forms, 1: 1.1, for generics, 1:2.5, much lower than the ration in 2008 (1:2.5 for new drugs and 1:3 for generics). While for the approval for TCMs, it shows that there is no repeated applications for TCMs.



Ratios of Different Application Items

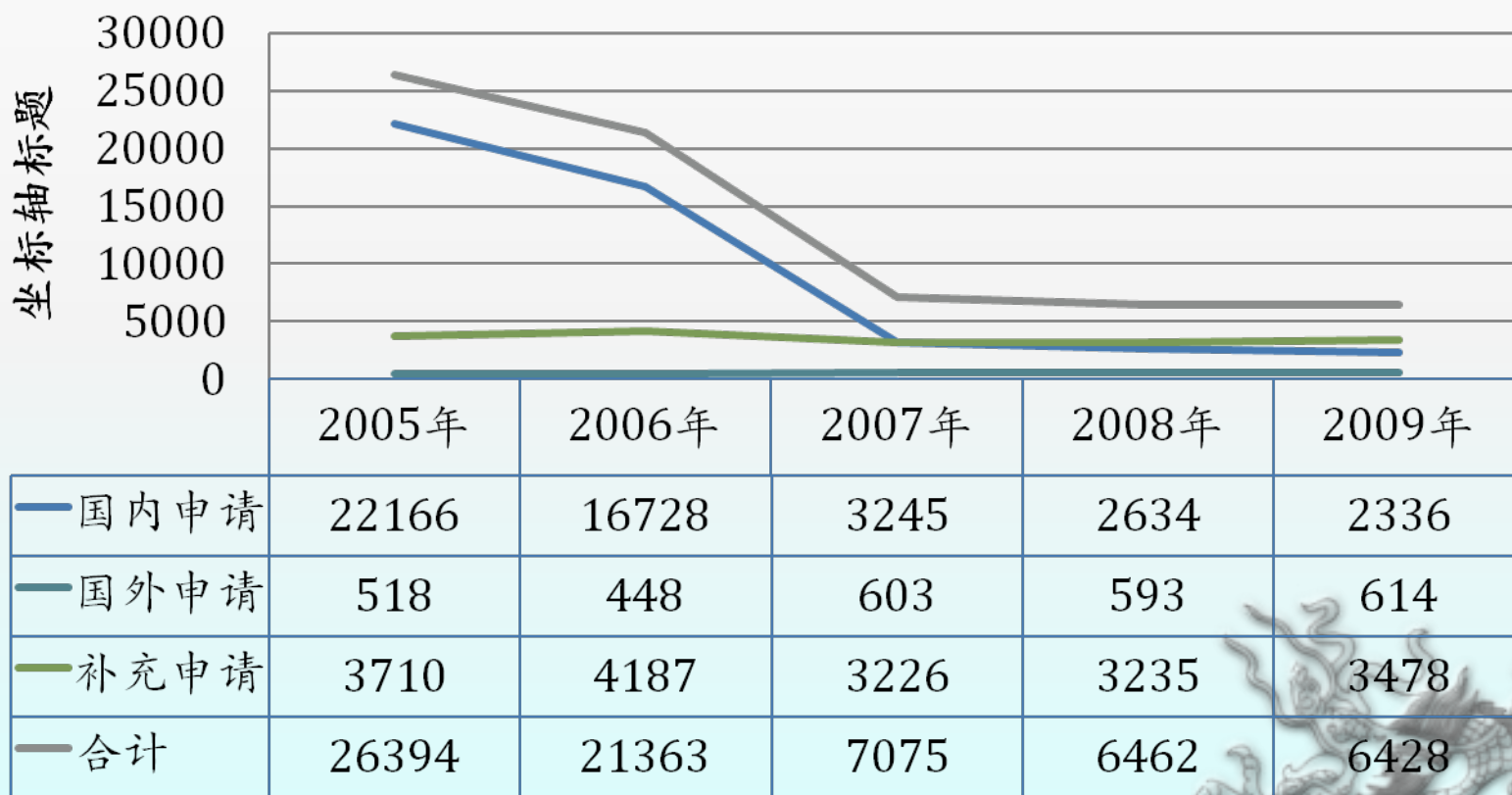
Ratios of Different Application Items Calculated according to the Numbers of Receiving and Acceptance.

| | Approvals for Chemical Drugs | | | Approval for TCMs | | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | New Drugs | Changed Dosage Forms | Generics | New Drugs | Changed Dosage Forms | Generics |
| Number of Receiving and Acceptance | 175 | 17 | 356 | 72 | 8 | 12 |
| Proportions | 32% | 3% | 65% | 78% | 9% | 13% |

The Ratio of New Drugs reflects the status of drug research, review structure and tendency. The annual statistics (calculated according to the number of receiving and acceptance) shows that the new chemical drugs accounts for 32% of the total approval, while for changed dosage forms, 3%, for generics, 65%. For TCMs, the proportion is 78%, 9% and 13% (see the form above). While for the year 2006 and 2007, the ratio of new drug is no higher than 15% and the changed dosage forms and generics accounts for more than 80%.)

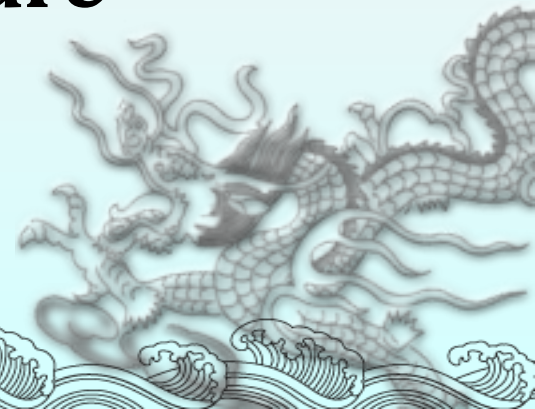
Statistics on Receiving and Acceptance in Recent Five Years

5年来药品注册申请受理趋势表

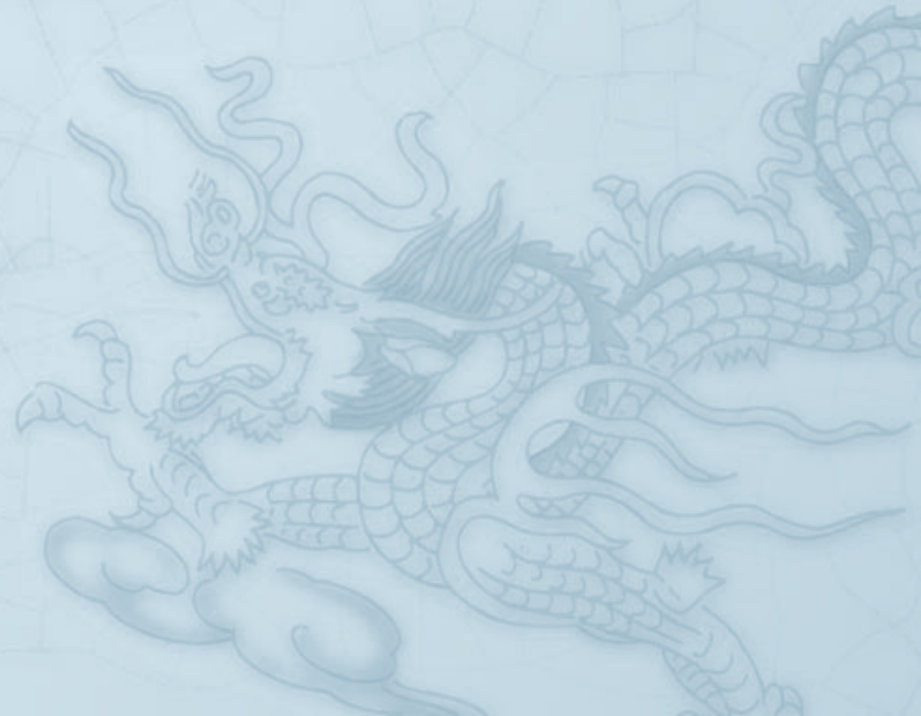


Data Analysis on Drug Registration Approvals in 2009

- ◆ **The numbers of applications returns to normal;**
- ◆ **The repeated applications were reduced;**
- ◆ **Rational application structure reached and remained.**



Statistics on Pharmaceutical Industry in 2009

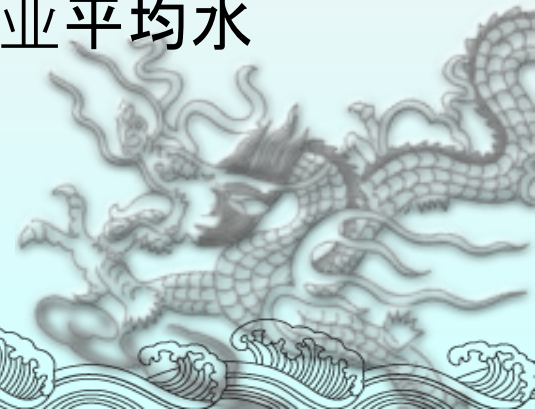


The Rapid Development of Chinese Pharmaceutical Industry in spite of Depression

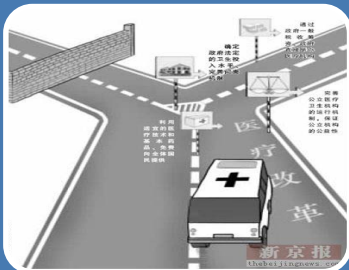
2009年全行业整体
产销率为95.5%，同
比提高 0.15个百分
点

1998~2009年，我国医药
工业总产值年均增长20%，
是GDP增速的2倍左右

2009年医药行业累计工业总产值突破1万亿元业
增加值累计同比增长14.9%，高于全国工业平均水
平（11.0%）3.9个百分点



Opportunities for the Development of Chinese Pharmaceutical Industry



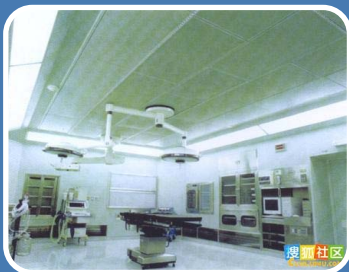
医改和公共卫的刚性需求创造机遇

- 2011年基本医疗保障制度和3年内8500亿投入
- 老龄化城镇化加速造成的医疗卫生刚性需求增长
- 人均GDP超过3000美元后医药产业发展出现新的向上拐点



研发产业转移和专利药集中到期的机遇

- 以委托加工，合同定制，研发外包为主要形式产业转移
- 10年内专利药集中到期的仿制药的增长机遇



本土医药企业国际化选项创造机遇

- 获得欧盟美国等地区国家国际注册认可
- 多种形式的海外布局包括并购和海外上市等

Policy Factors that may Affect the Pharmaceutical Industry in 2010

In 2009, there are many policies related to medicines were promulgated.

- ◆ In April, 2009, the new plan on medical reform was issued;
- ◆ In May, the Comments on the Promotion of TCM Industry was issued;
- ◆ In June, the Comments on the Promotion of Biologic Products Industry was issued;
- ◆ The List of Essential Medicines and the List on Medical Insurance.

——These policies have greatly stimulated the demand for medicines and the industry tended to move towards the local and village level. The concentration of the industry was encouraged and the market became larger and larger.



In 2011, China will become the third biggest market for pharmaceuticals in the World.



From 2009 to 2013, it is estimated that 17 countries will boast the increase of total sale of medicines, which accounts for 90 billion US dollars and accounts for 48% of the total increase throughout the world. While in 2009, the proportion is 37%.

The great changes on the world economy, the development of health industry (improvement of medical service and increased investment), and the changed proportion between generics and innovative drugs have led to the adjustment of the market.



Conclusion

- ◆ In spite of the background of financial crisis in 2009, the pharmaceutical industry in China has increased and the increasing rate is higher than the common ratio of the other industry sectors.
- ◆ The strengthened legal system of drug registration as well as other important activities had greatly promoted the healthy development of Chinese pharmaceutical Industry.



Application and approval status of drug clinical trials in China

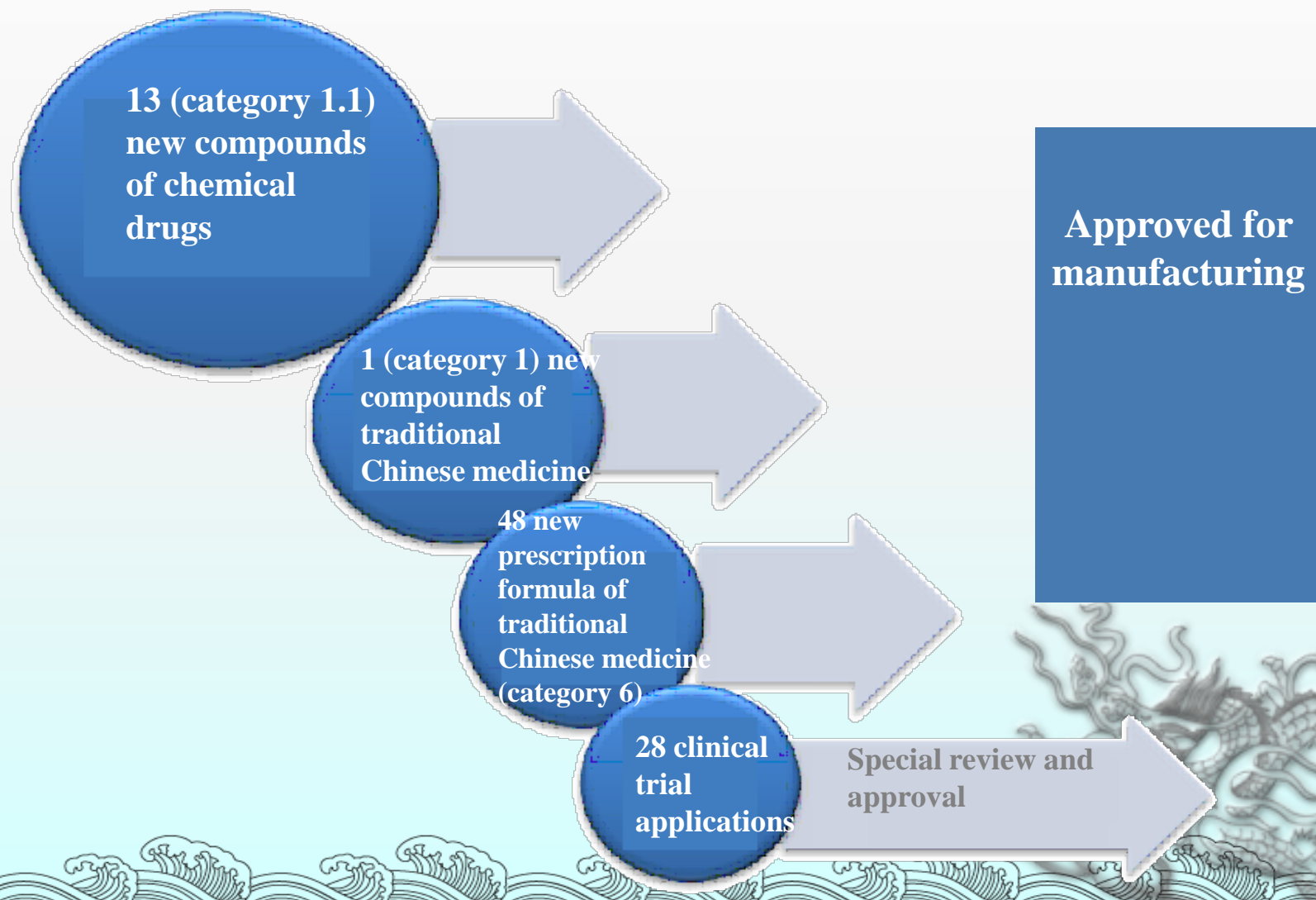


Acceptance of Clinical Research Application

| 临床受理 (不包括 BE) | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 国内企业 | 2599 | 1447 | 646 | 757 | 697 |
| 国外企业 | 294 | 282 | 437 | 460 | 517 |
| 国际多中心 | 72 | 74 | 70 | 131 | 205 |

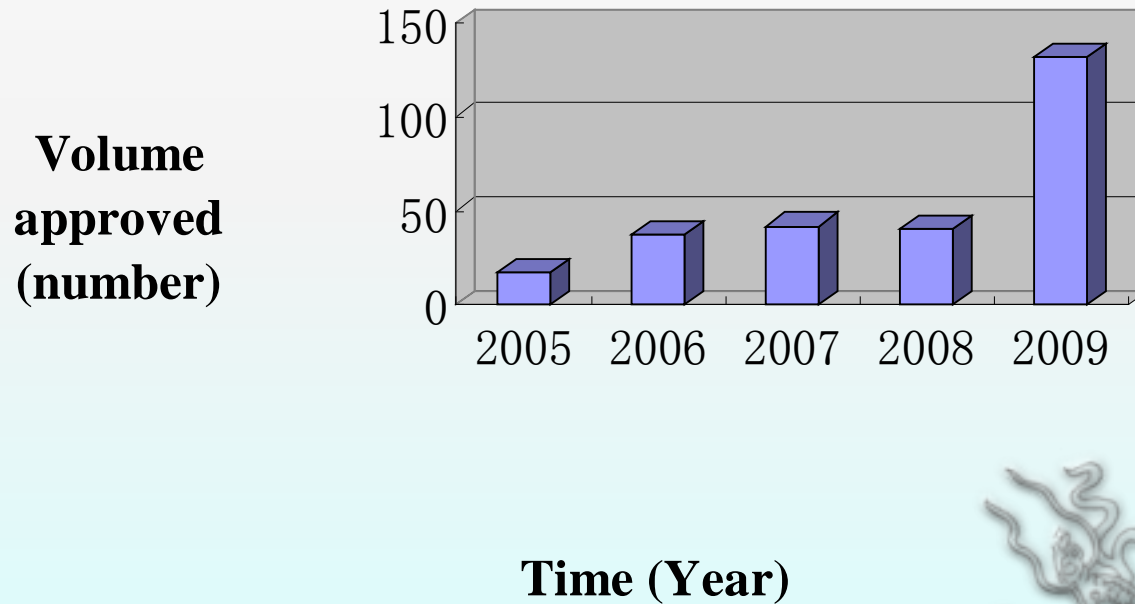


Status of approval for entry into clinical trials in 2009



Status of international multicenter clinical trials

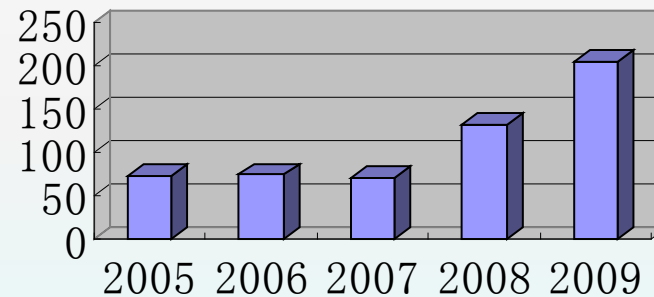
Figure 1 Volume of international multicenter clinical trials approved between 2005 and 2009



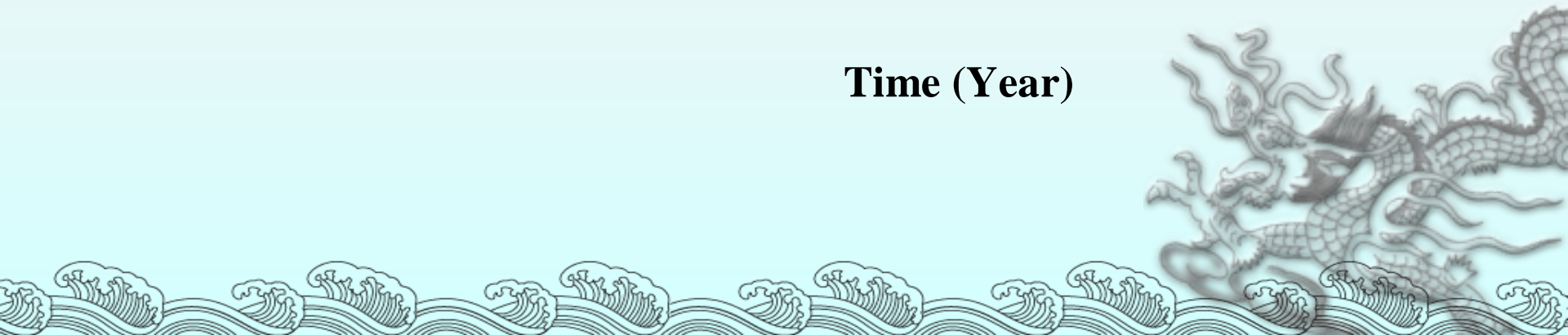
Status of applications for international multicenter clinical trials in 2009

Figure 5 Changes in volume of applications for international multicenter clinical trials in 2009

**Volume of applications
(number)**



Time (Year)



Thank you!

