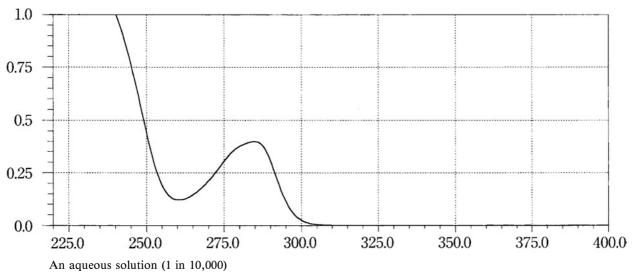
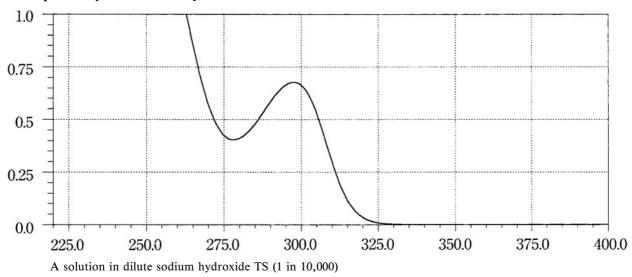
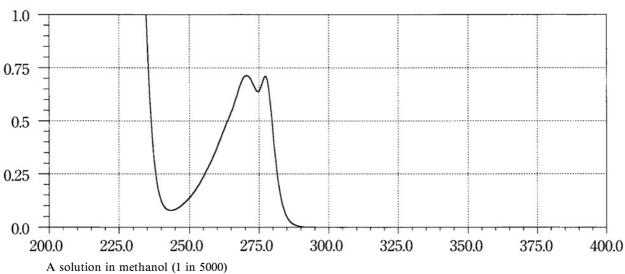
# Morphine Hydrochloride Hydrate 1



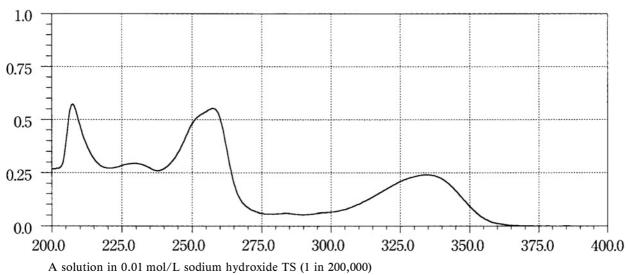
# Morphine Hydrochloride Hydrate 2



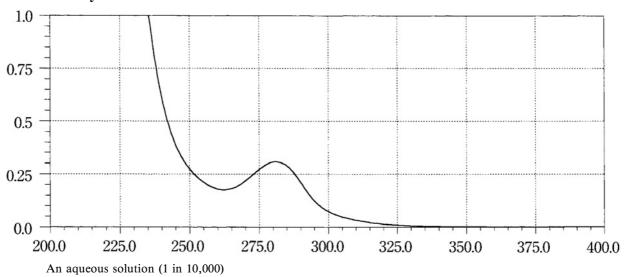




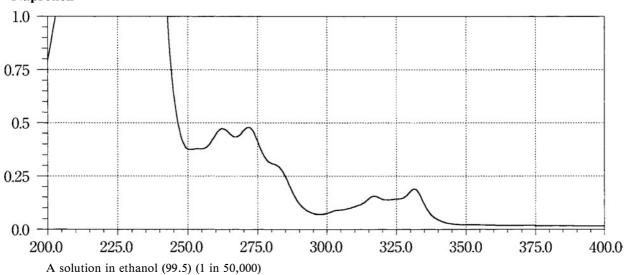
# Nalidixic Acid



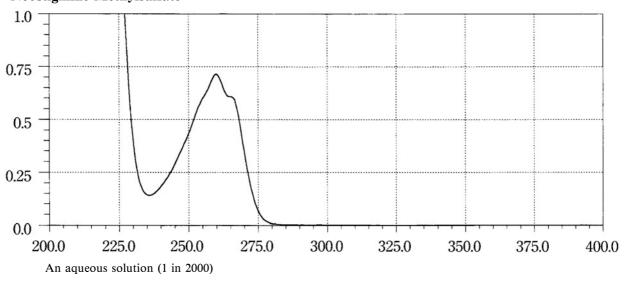
# Naloxone Hydrochloride



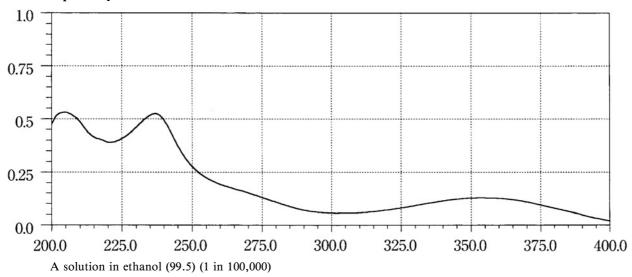
# Naproxen



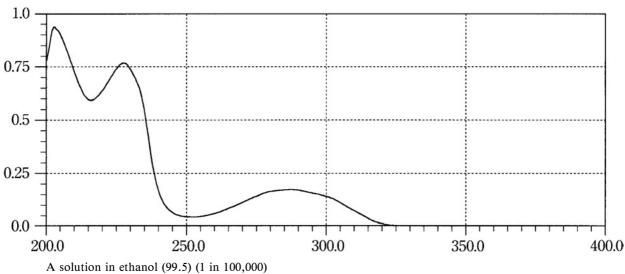
# **Neostigmine Methylsulfate**



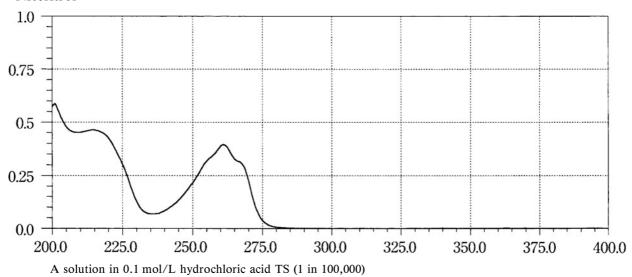
# Nicardipine Hydrochloride



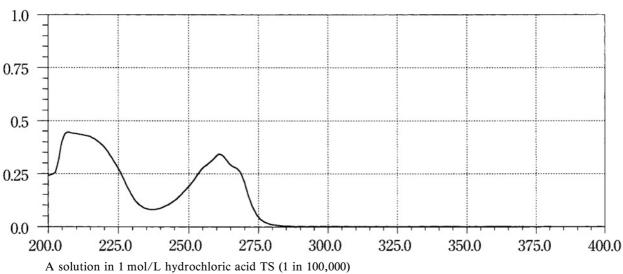




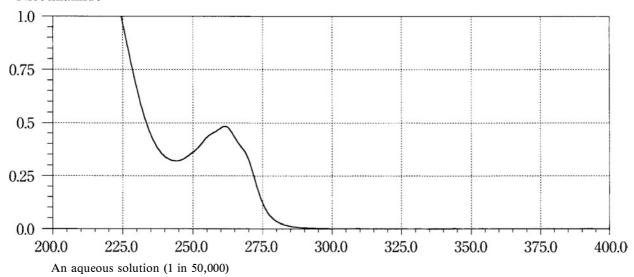
# Niceritrol



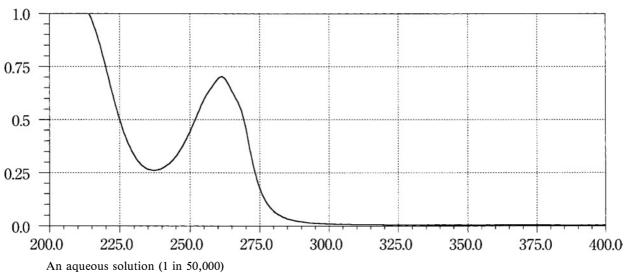
#### **Nicomol**



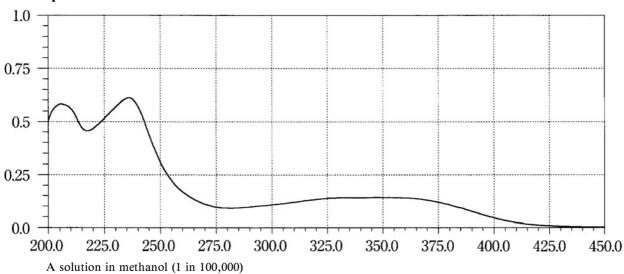
# Nicotinamide



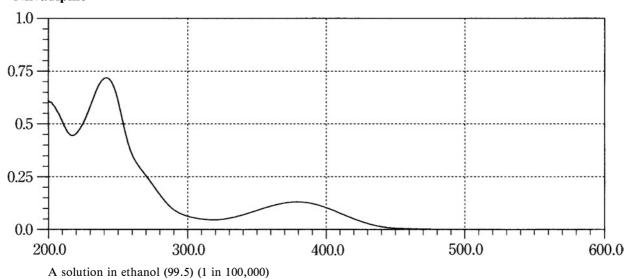
# Nicotinic Acid



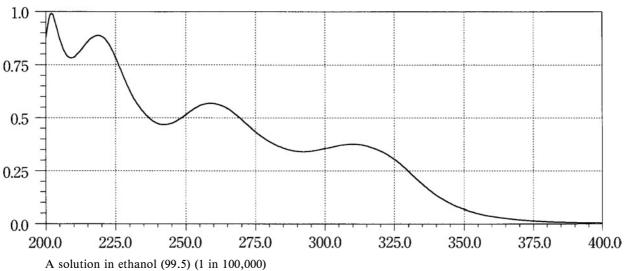
# Nifedipine



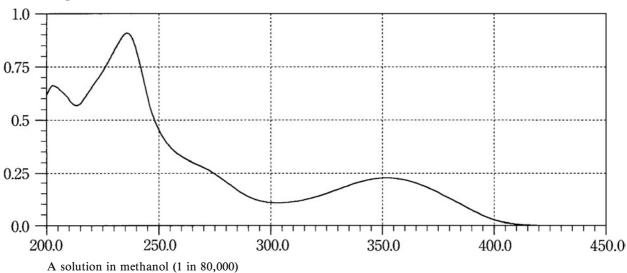
# Nilvadipine



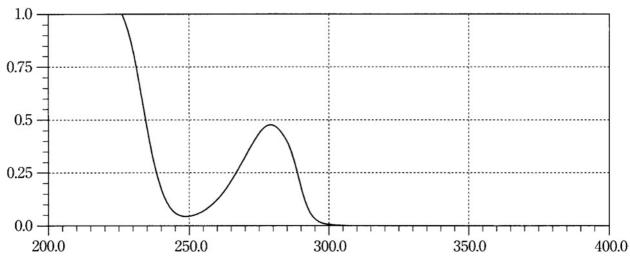
# Nitrazepam



# Nitrendipine



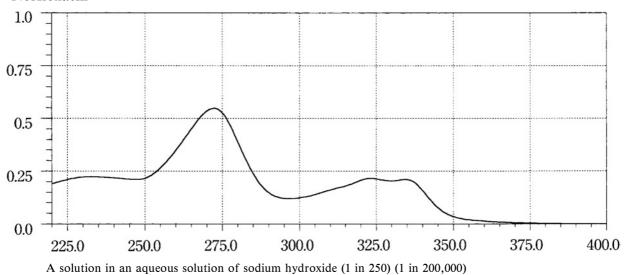
#### Noradrenaline



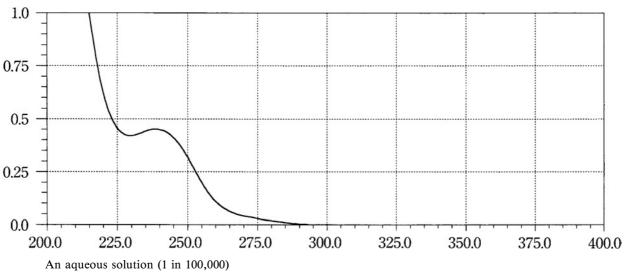
A solution in 0.1 mol/L hydrochloric acid TS (3 in 100,000)

#### Norfloxacin

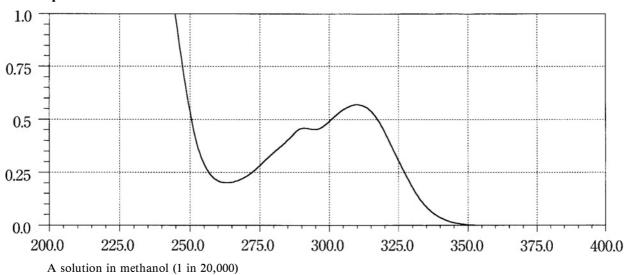
1618



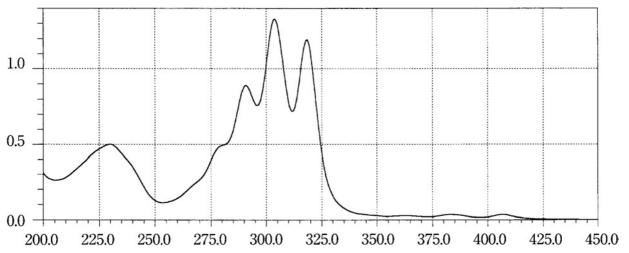
# Nortriptyline Hydrochloride



# **Noscapine**

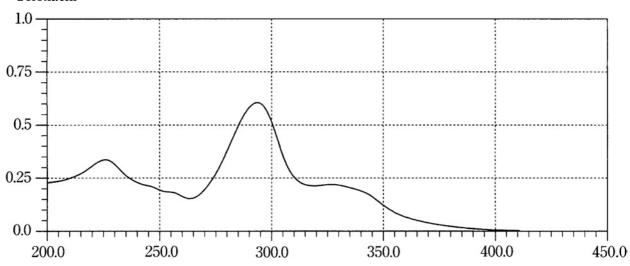


### **Nystatin**



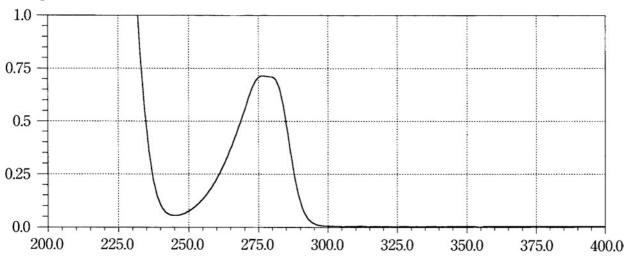
A solution prepared as follows: To 10 mg add 50.25 mL of a mixture of diluted methanol (4 in 5) and sodium hydroxide TS (200:1), dissolve by warming at not exceeding  $50^{\circ}$ C, and add diluted methanol (4 in 5) to make 500 mL.

#### Ofloxacin



A solution in 0.1 mol/L hydrochloric acid TS (1 in 150,000)

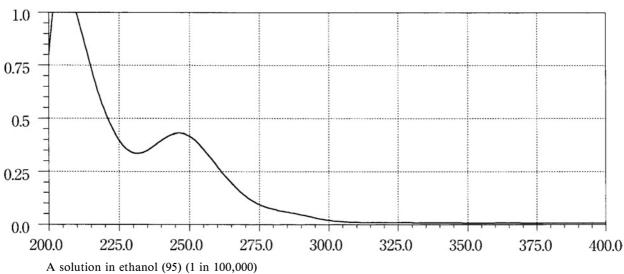
#### Orciprenaline Sulfate



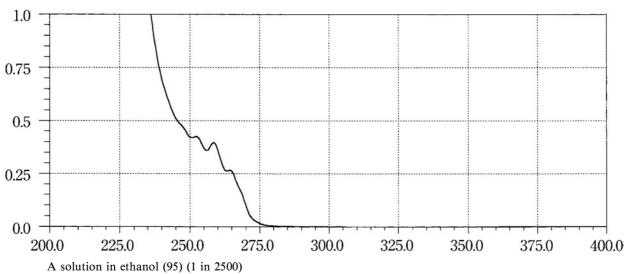
A solution in 0.01 mol/L hydrochloric acid TS (1 in 10,000)

# Oxazolam

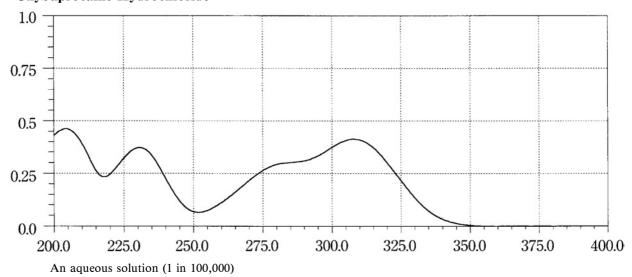
1620



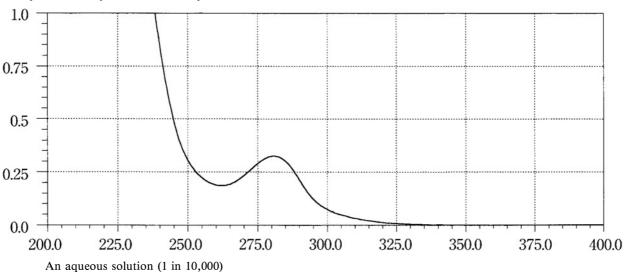
#### Oxethazaine



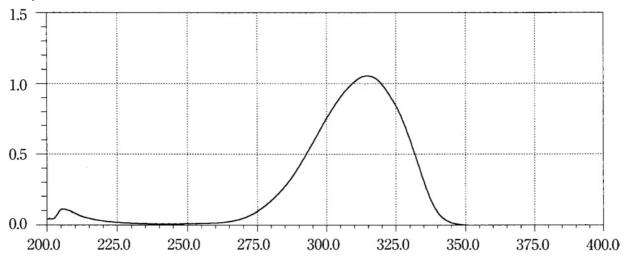
# Oxybuprocaine Hydrochloride



# Oxycodone Hydrochloride Hydrate

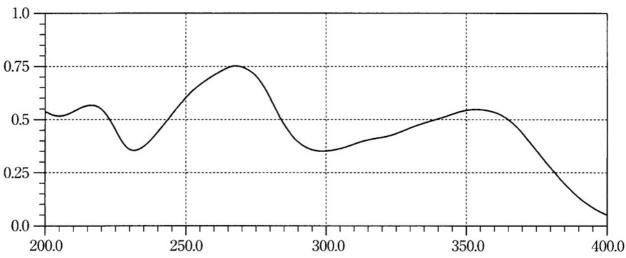


# Oxymetholone



A solution prepared as follows: To  $5\,\text{mL}$  of a solution in methanol (1 in 5000) add  $5\,\text{mL}$  of sodium hydroxide-methanol TS and methanol to make  $50\,\text{mL}$ .

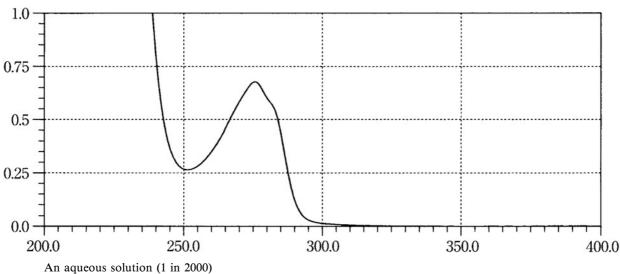
# Oxytetracycline Hydrochloride



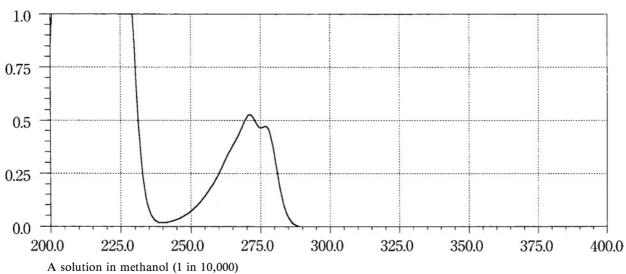
A solution in 0.1 mol/L hydrochloric acid TS (1 in 50,000)



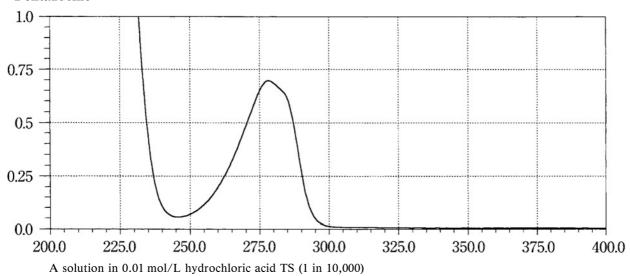
1622



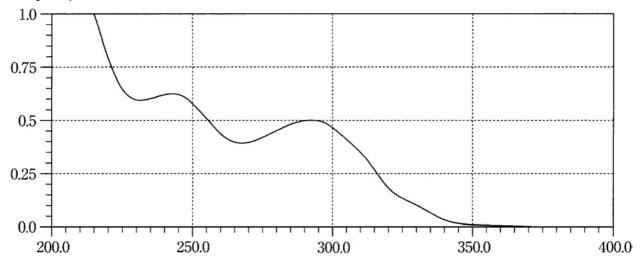
# **Penbutolol Sulfate**



# Pentazocine

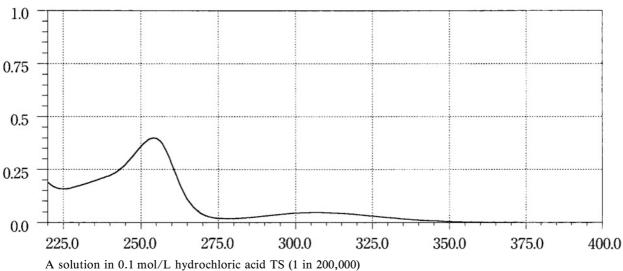


# Peplomycin Sulfate

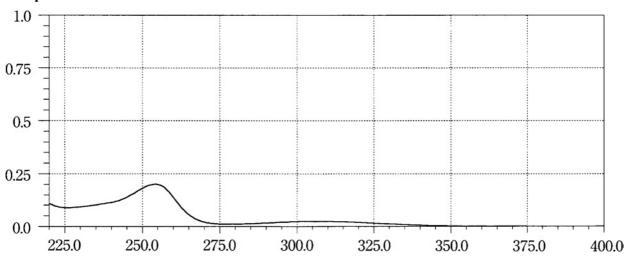


A solution prepared as follows: To 4 mg add 5 µL of copper (II) sulfate TS, and dissolve in water to make 100 mL.

# Perphenazine 1

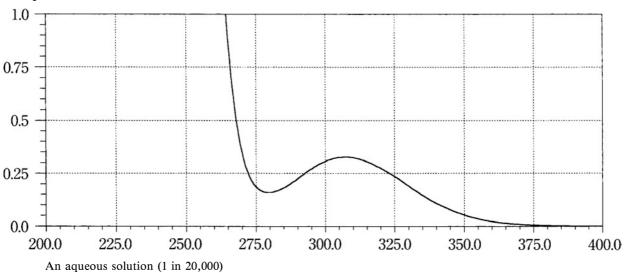


# Perphenazine 2

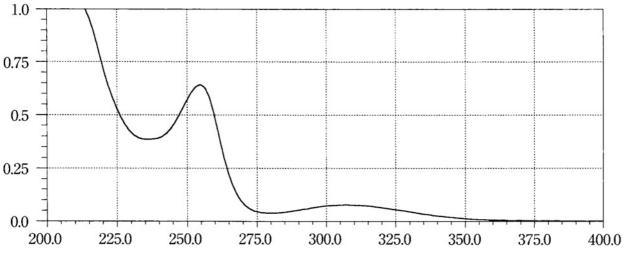


A solution obtained by adding 10 mL of water to 10 mL of the solution for Perphenazine 1

# Perphenazine Maleate 1

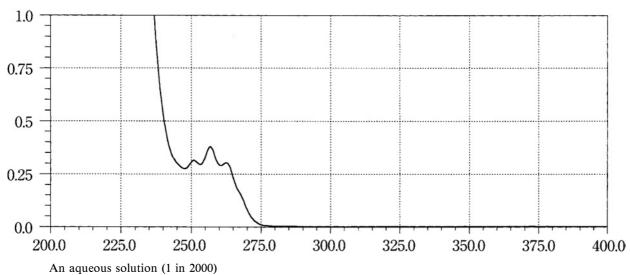


# Perphenazine Maleate 2

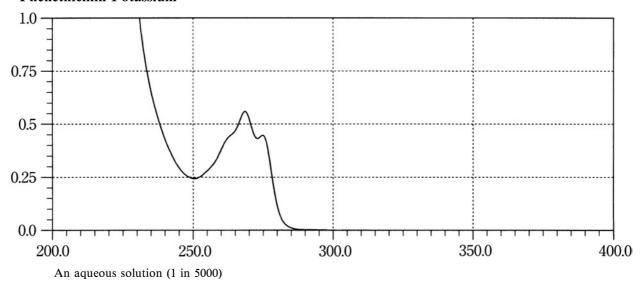


A solution obtained by adding 30 mL of water to 10 mL of the solution for Perphenazine Maleate 1

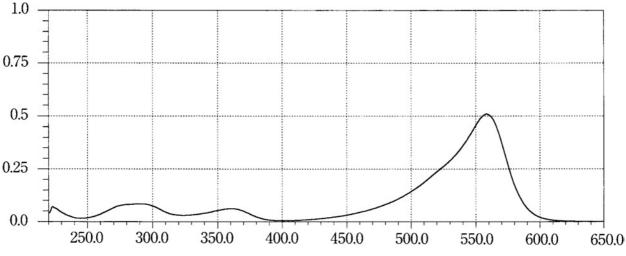
# Pethidine Hydrochloride



#### Phenethicillin Potassium

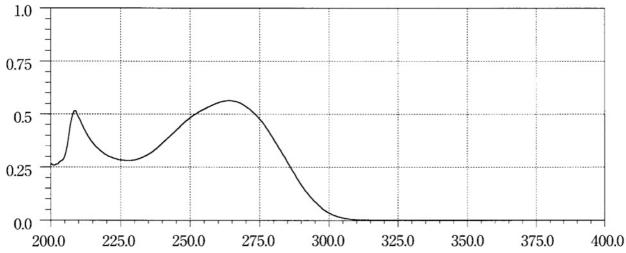


# Phenolsulfonphthalein



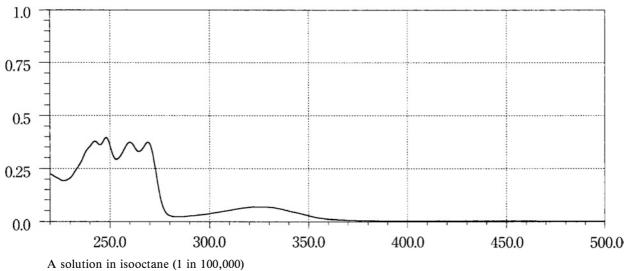
A solution in diluted sodium carbonate TS (1 in 10) (1 in 400,000)

# Phenylbutazone

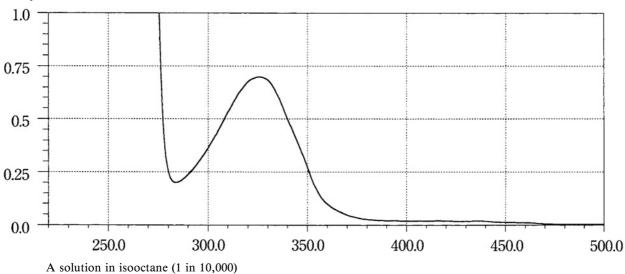


A solution prepared as follows: Dissolve 1 mg in 10 mL of dilute sodium hydroxide TS, and add water to make 100 mL.

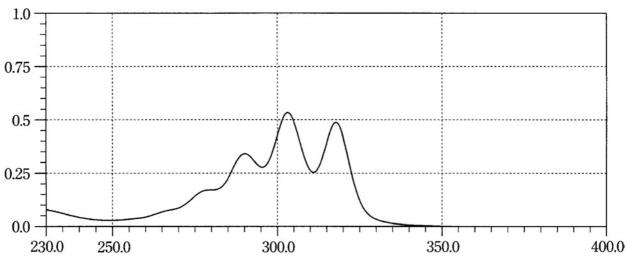
# Phytonadione 1



# Phytonadione 2

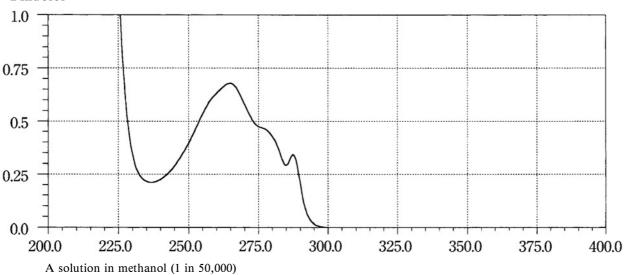


# Pimaricin

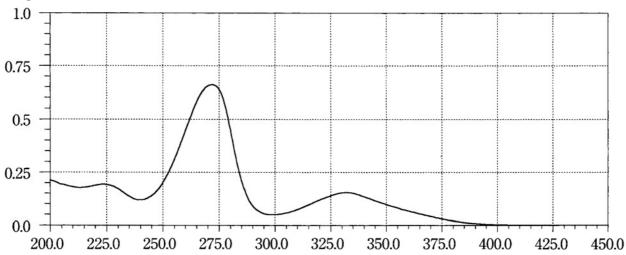


A solution in a solution of acetic acid (100) in methanol (1 in 100) (1 in 200,000)

#### **Pindolol**

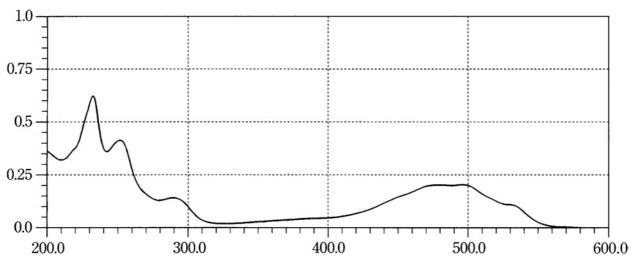


# Pipemidic Acid Hydrate



A solution prepared as follows: Dissolve 0.1 g in 20 mL of sodium hydroxide TS, and add water to make 200 mL. To 1 mL of this solution add water to make 100 mL.

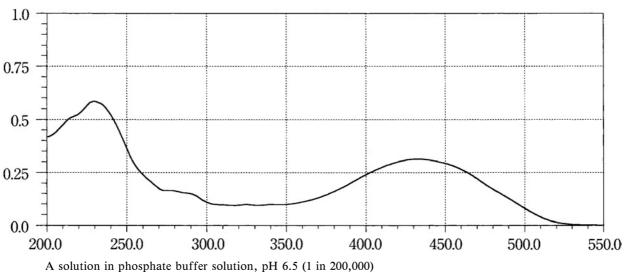
# Pirarubicin



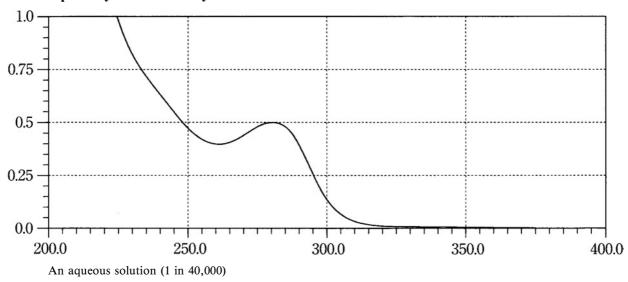
A solution prepared as follows: Dissolve 10 mg in 80 mL of methanol and 6 mL of diluted hydrochloric acid (1 in 5000), and add water to make 100 mL. To 10 mL of this solution add diluted methanol (4 in 5) to make 100 mL.

# **Pirenoxine**

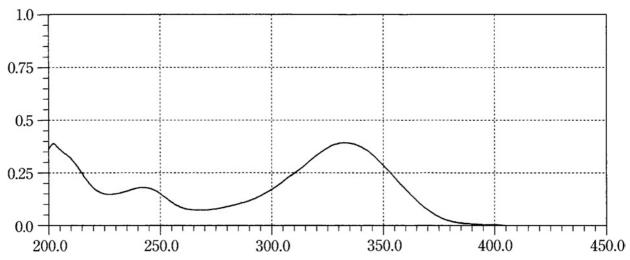
1628



# Pirenzepine Hydrochloride Hydrate

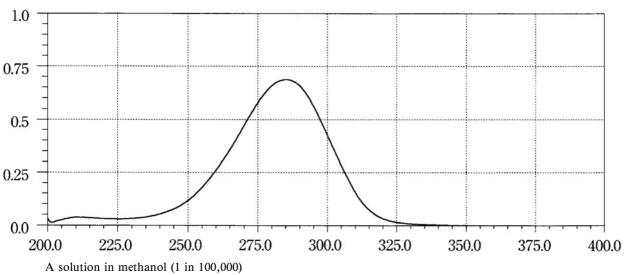


#### Piroxicam

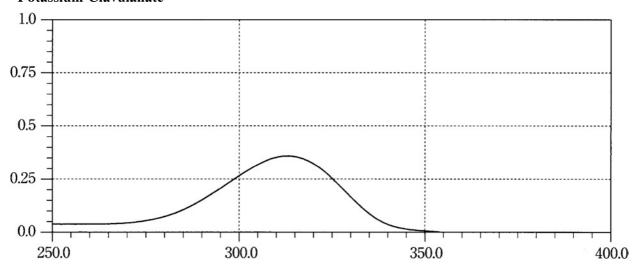


A solution in a mixture of methanol and 0.5 mol/L hydrochloric acid TS (490:1) (1 in 200,000)

#### **Potassium Canrenoate**

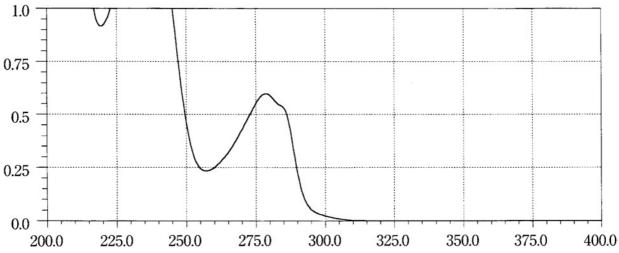


#### Potassium Clavulanate



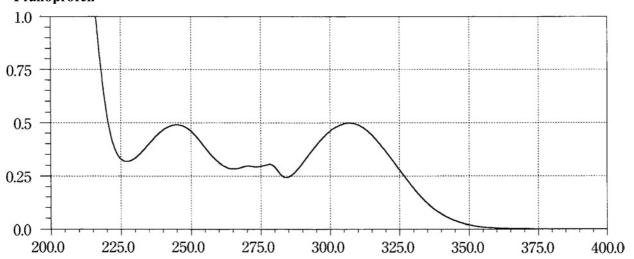
An aqueous solution (1 in 50,000). To 1 mL of this solution add 5 mL of imidazole TS (Warm in a water bath at  $30^{\circ}$  C for 12 minutes).

### Potassium Guaiacolsulfonate



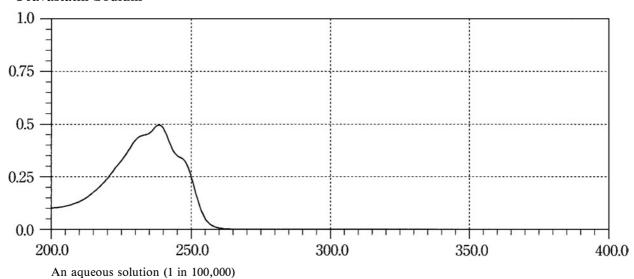
A solution prepared as follows: To 10 mL of an aqueous solution (1 in 2000) add phosphate buffer solution, pH 7.0 to make 100 mL.

1630

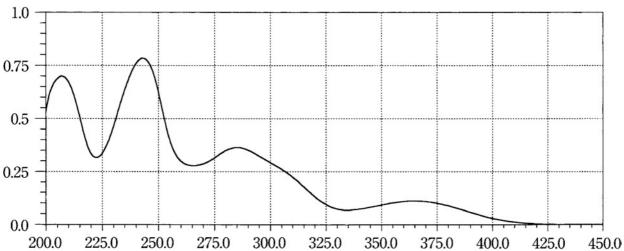


A solution prepared as follows: To  $10\,\text{mL}$  of a solution in  $1\,\text{mol/L}$  hydrochloric acid TS (1 in 5000) add water to make  $100\,\text{mL}$ .

# **Pravastatin Sodium**

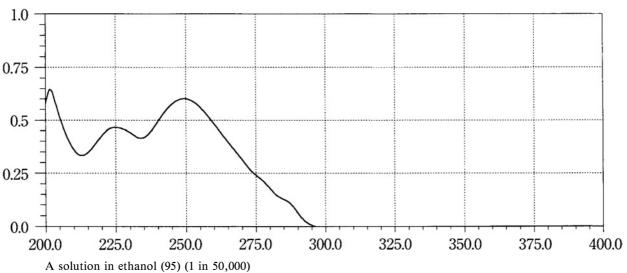


# Prazepam

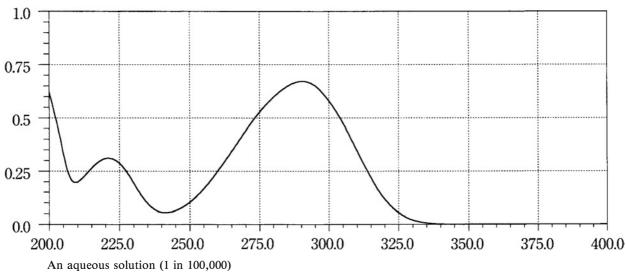


A solution prepared as follows: Dissolve 0.01 g in 1000 mL of a solution of sulfuric acid in ethanol (99.5) (3 in 1000).

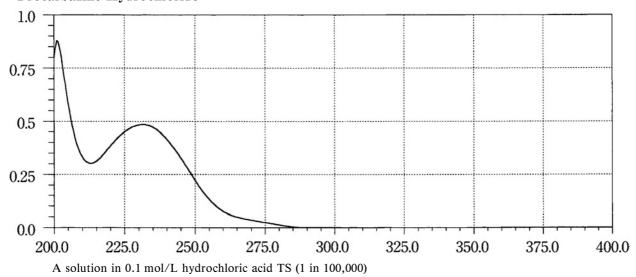
# Probenecid



# Procaine Hydrochloride

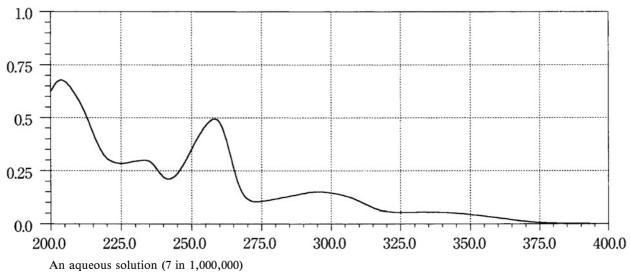


# Procarbazine Hydrochloride

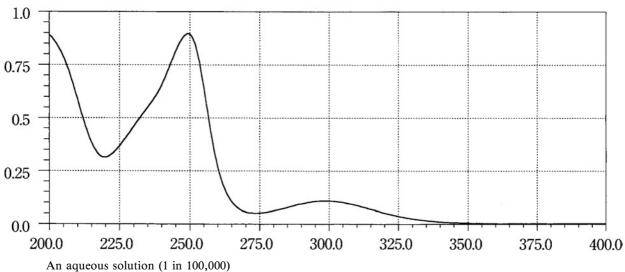


# Procaterol Hydrochloride Hydrate

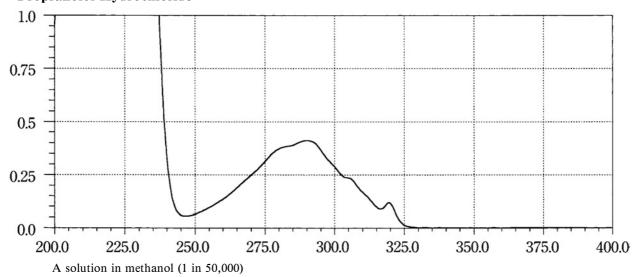
1632



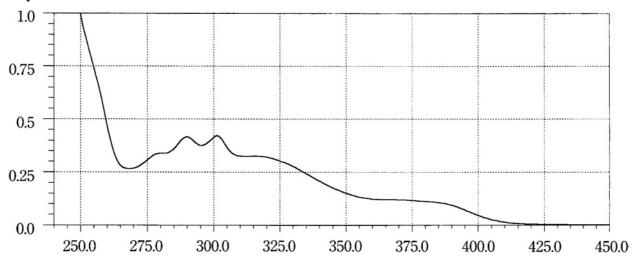
# Promethazine Hydrochloride



# **Propranolol Hydrochloride**

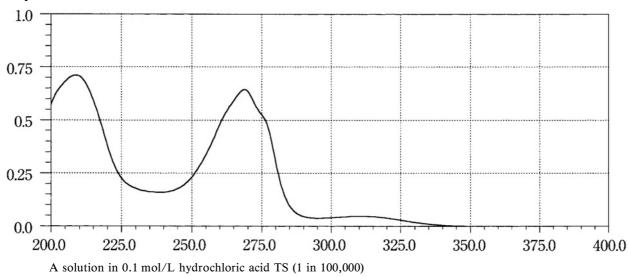


# **Pyrantel Pamoate**

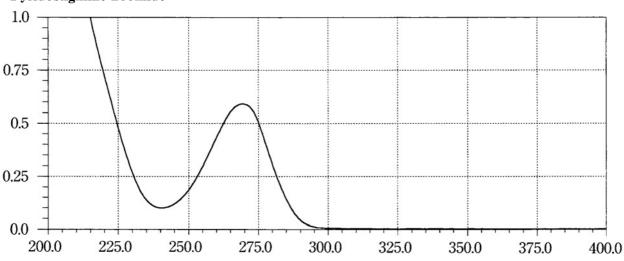


A solution prepared as follows: Dissolve 0.1 g in 50 mL of dimethylformamide, and add methanol to make 200 mL. To 2 mL of this solution add a solution of hydrochloric acid in methanol (9 in 1000) to make 100 mL.

# Pyrazinamide



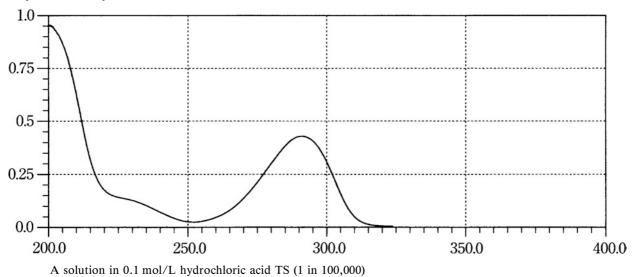
# **Pyridostigmine Bromide**



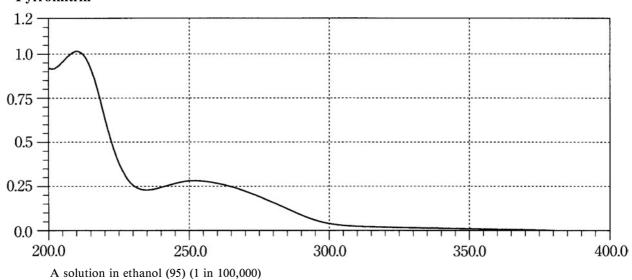
A solution in 0.1 mol/L hydrochloric acid TS (1 in 30,000)

# Pyridoxine Hydrochloride

1634



# Pyrrolnitrin



# **Quinine Ethyl Carbonate**

