

MALAYSIAN HERBAL MONOGRAPH



10 Mac 2015
National Pharmaceutical Control Bureau (NPCB)

OUTLINE OF PRESENTATION

- The Importance of Malaysian Herbal Monograph (MHM)
- MHM volume 1,2 and 3
- National Key Economic Area (NKEA)Malaysian Herbal Monograph
- Institution Involved
- Workflow in development of MHM
- Content of MHM

IMPORTANCE OF MHM

- Invaluable source of scientific information on herbal medicines
 - Regulators, manufacturers, academia, researchers, health professionals & others
- Authorities information
 - Therapeutic uses of herbal medicines
 - Summaries of pharmacological, clinical & toxicological data
- Guidance for authentication of plant material
- Guidance for quality control profile for herbal materials and products
- Ensuring the quality and right raw material goes into the product
 - -correct species
 - -correct part

Authentication is the most basic quality step)



MHM Volume 1,2 and 3

- Malaysian Herbal Monograph (MHM)
 - Volume 1 (1990)
 - Volume 2 (2009)
 - Volume 3 (2013)
 - -20 monograph/species in each volume. (Total :60)
 - -based on voluntarily work by institution



NKEA MHM

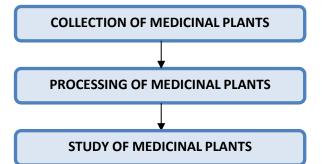
- National Key Economic Area(NKEA) Malaysian Herbal Monograph (MHM)
 - 2013 10 monograph/species
 - 2014 -15 monograph/species
 - -www.globinmed.com
 - -Budget allocated for this project and with key performance indicator (KPI).



INSTITUTI ONS INVOLVED IN MHM

- Institution involved in development of Malaysian Herbal Monograph (MHM)
 - Institute of Medical Researh (IMR)
 - National Pharmaceutical Control Bureau (NPCB)
 - Forest Research Institute Malaysia (FRIM)
 - Malaysian Agriculture Research and Development Institute (MARDI)
 - Local Universities such as UKM, UPM and USM
 - -Technical/Scientific Committee
 - -Main Committee.

WORKFLOW (By INSTITUTION)



LITERATURE REVIEW

- Definition
- •Synonym &
- vernacular names
- Medicinal uses
- Dosage
- Storage

IDENTIFICATION

- •Plant morphology: photography, macroscopy, microscopy
- Characters
- Colour tests
- Chemical
- constituents

PURITY TESTS

- Foreign matter
- •Ash contents Total ash, acid -insoluble ash, water-soluble ash
- Loss on drying
- Extractive value

SAFETY TESTS

- Heavy metals limit
- Microbial limit
- •Test for specific pathogen

SAFETY

INFORMATION

- Preclinical toxicology
- Acute toxicity test

DATA VERIFICATION BY NPCB

CONDUCT BY IMR

DATA VERIFICATION & PRESENTATION

(Technical Committee review, Industry review, Main Committee review)

PREPARATION OF MHM & PUBLICATION



- Content of Malaysian Herbal Monograph (Vol. 2, 2009)
- 1.0 Definition
- 2.0Synonym
 - 2.1 Latin name
 - 2.2Vernacular name
- 3.0 Character
- 4.0 Identification
 - 4.1 Macroscopic
 - 4.2 Microscopic
 - 4.3 TLC
 - 4.4 Colour test
- 5.0 Purity test
 - 5.1 Foreign matter
 - 5.2 Total ash
 - 5.3 Acid insoluble ash
 - 5.4 Loss on drying
 - **5.5** Extractive value

- Content of Malaysian Herbal Monograph (Vol. 2, 2009)
 - 5.6 Heavy metals
 - 5.7 Microbial limit
 - 5.8 Test for specific pathogens
- 6.0Storage
- 7.0 Uses
 - 7.1 Uses described in folk medicine, not supported by experimental or clinical

data

- 7.2 Biological activity
- 8.0 Dosage
- 9.0 Chemical constituents
- 10.0 References

Content of Malaysian Herbal Monograph (NKEA)

- Definition
- Synonym
- Character
- Identification
 - Plant Morphology
 - Microscopy
 - Colour test
 - -TLC
 - -HPLC
- Purity test
 - -Foreign matter
 - -Total ash
 - -Loss on drying
 - Extractive value

Content of Malaysian Herbal Monograph (NKEA)

- Safety Test
 - -Limit of Heavy metals
 - -Microbial limit test
 - -Test for specific pathogens
- Chemical constituents
- Medicinal Uses
 - -Uses described in folk medicine, not supported by experimental or clinical data
 - -Biological and pharmacological activity supported by experimental data
 - -Clinical studies
- Safety Information
 - -Preclinical studies (Toxicology studies)
 - -Others (Adverse reaction, contraindication, side effect, warning and precautions)
 - Dosage

Storage

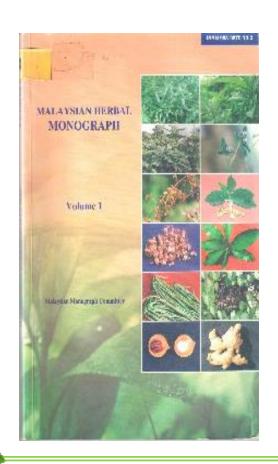
NKEA Monographs 2013 (Plants List)

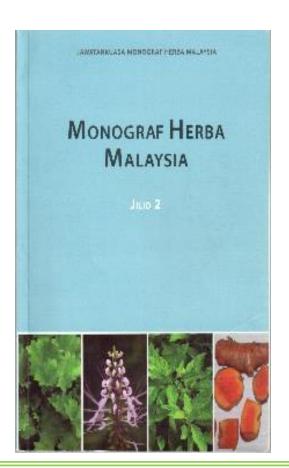
No	Plants	Scientific Name
1	Tongkat ali root	Eurycoma longifolia
2	Kacip fatimah root	Labisia pumila
3	Misai kucing leaf	Orthosiphon aristatus
4	Dukung anak herb	Phyllathus niruri
5	Hempedu bumi herb	Andrographis paniculata
6	Pegaga herb	Centella asiatica
7	Halia rhizome	Zingiber officinale
8	Mengkudu fruit	Morinda citrifolia
9	Roselle calyx	Hibiscus sabdariffa
10	Mas cotek leaf	Ficus deltoidea var. deltoide

NKEA Monographs 2014 (Plants List)

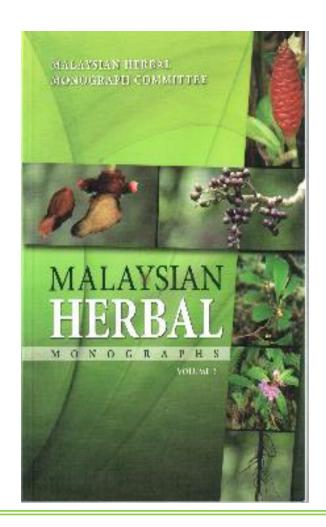
No	Plants	Scientific Name	
1	Senduduk leaves	Melastoma malabathricum	
2	Kesum leaves and twigs	Persicaria minor	
3	Ulam raja leaves	Cosmos caudatus	
4	Sireh leaves	Piper betle	
5	Temu lawak rhizome	Curcuma xanthorrhiza	
6	Kaduk leaves	Piper sarmentosum	
7	Kelapa sawit leaves	Elaeis guineensis	
8	Sambung nyawa leaves	Gynura procumbens	
9	Belalai gajah leaves	Clinacanthis nutans	
10	Merunggai leaves	Moringa oleifera	
11	Gelenggang leaves	Senna alata	
12	Patawali stem	Tinospora crispa	
13	Lempoyang rhizome	Zingiber zerubet	
14	Halia bara	Zingiber officinale	
15	Selasih	Ocimum basilicum	

The Malaysian Herbal Monographs Vol. 1 & 2.





The Malaysian Herbal Monographs Vol. 3.



MALAYSIAN HERBAL MONOGRAPH

ALAYSIAN HERBAL MONOGRAPH

•The development of Malaysian Herbal Monograph (MHM) is one of the government's plans and it is identified as one of entry poin projects (EPP) under the National Key Economic Areas (NKEA).

MHM is a crucial reference to establish good quality of raw material herbs for herbal or traditional products. It provides valuable information for both herbal or traditional manufacturers and regulators such as identification of herbs, quality control requirements medicinal usage and safety information.

- The production of quality products can promote greater confidence among consumers both inside and outside the country, thus leading to increase usage and exports which will contribute to the country's economic development
- MHM ensure productions of local and traditional products are safe, of high quality, competitive and comply to international

MALAYSIAN HERBAL MONOGRAPH TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

- Institute for Medical Research (IMR)
- National Pharmaceutical Control Bureau (NPCB)
- Forest Research Institute Malaysia (FRIM)
- Malaysian Agricultural Research and Development Institute (MARDI)
- National University of Malaysia (UKM)
- Science University of Malaysia (USM)
- Putra University of Malaysia (UPM)

ACHIEVEMENTS

Publication of Malaysian Herbal Monograph Volume 1 (1999)

- Publication of Malaysian Herbal Monograph Volume 2
- Publication of Malaysian Herbal Monograph Volume 3 (15 April 2013)
- Launching of top ten NKEA Malaysian Herbal Monograph 2013 (15 April 2013)

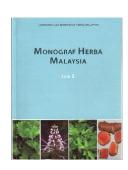
ROLE OF NPCB (PHYTOCHEMISTRY UNIT, CENTRE FOR QUALITY CONTROL)

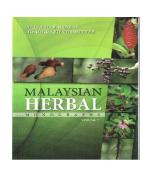
- Verification of developed methodology for quality control of herbal raw material
- welopment for quality control of herbal raw material using Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) and High Performance Liquid graphy (HPLC) *Including posticide testing*

All the top ten plants under NKEA can be search at http://www.globinmed.com/index.php?option=com_content&view=category&id=209&Itemid=143 GLOBINMED

The Malaysian Herbal Monographs Vol. 1, 2 & 3.







NKEA TOP TEN PLANTS



























