Japanese Pharmacopoeia(JP) - Present and Future -

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Introduction of Office organization

Office of Standards and Guidelines Development

Division of Pharmacopoeia and Standards for Drugs

- Secretariat of Japanese Pharmacopoeia Expert committees
- Projects Across Multi-Offices in PMDA (ex. Review Guidelines)
- Registration of Master Files for Drug Substances

Division of Standards for Medical Devices

- Secretariat of Committees for Certification and Approval Standards
- Cooperation to Review Guidelines Development





- 1. What's JP ?
- 2. How to establish JP ?
- 3. What's International Harmonization?
- 4. JP's perspective for the future



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History and Legal Status of JP

 JP was first published on June 25, 1886 and implemented on July 1, 1887

 \rightarrow JP has the history of 129 years

- JP is published by the Japanese Government as a Ministerial Notification by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare
- JP is published in accordance with the Pharmaceutical & Medical Devices (PMD) Act which is the most fundamental law for pharmaceutical regulation in Japan.



To show standards for quality of drugs

Official

 To be used extensively by the persons concerned

Public

To be transparent/disclosed information in the process of establishment





History of JP Edition -Number of Monographs on Drugs-

Edition	Date of publication	Number of monographs
JP 1	1886. 6. 25	468
Ļ	\downarrow	\downarrow
JP 16	2011. 3. 31	1764
Suppl. I	2012. 9. 27	1837
Partial rev.	2013. 5. 31	1837
Suppl. II	2014. 2. 28	1896
↓	↓	\downarrow
JP 17	2016 Spring	about 1970

In recent years, the new editions are published every 5 years and two supplements are published between the regular publication of JP editions.

Moreover, partial revisions are made as necessary.



Composition of the JP16

JP16th Edition comprises the following items,

Notification of MHLW

Contents

Preface

General Notices

General Rules for Crude Drugs

General Rules for Preparations

General Tests

Official Monographs

Ultraviolet-visible Reference Spectra

Infrared Reference Spectra

General Information

Table of Atomic Mass as an appendix

nda Cumulative Index

Mandatory Part

Number of texts included in JP16

(As of February 2014)

- Total monograph : 1896
 - monographs for APIs(Including Excipients): 1288
 - monographs for finished dosage forms: 608
 monographs for biologicals

 APIs: 32 finished dosage forms: 43

 monographs for Herbal products: 291
- General tests: 73
- supplementary texts(Information Chapters): 43



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JP English version - JP16 and its Supplements -



JP	Japanese	English
JP16	Mar 2011	Feb 2012
JP16 Suppl. I	Sep 2012	Apr 2013
JP16 Suppl. II	Feb 2014	Sep 2014

 JP English electric version can be downloaded <u>freely</u> from the JP English website; <u>http://www.pmda.go.jp/english/pharmacopoeia/index.html</u>



Reference Standards for JP

(as of April 2014)

	Classified as application	Number		Distributor
(1)	Chemical drugs	206		
	Biologics			
	Crude drugs	9	251	PMRJ
	General test	9		
(2)	Antibiotics	125		NIID
	Total amount	376		

(1) PMRJ : Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Regulatory Science Society of Japan
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 (2) NIID : National Institute of Infectious Diseases, Japan



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Schedule of JP Publication

JP 16th Edition (JP16) Published in March 2011

- Basic Principles for Preparation of JP17 (Published in September 2011)
- Guideline for Drafting JP17 (Published in December 2011) (Partially revised in May 2014)

Supplement I to JP16 Published in September 2012

Supplement II to JP16 Published in February 2014 **Good Pharmacopoeial Practices in JP**

JP 17th Edition (JP17) To be published in 2016 spring



Basic Principles for Preparation of JP17

Published in September 2011

- 1. Include all drugs which are important for health care and medical treatment
- 2. Make qualitative improvement by introducing the latest science and technology
- 3. Promote internationalization
- 4. Make prompt partial revision as necessary and facilitate smooth administrative operation
- 5. Ensure transparency regarding the revision, and disseminate the JP to the public



Secure System for Establishing JP







Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency (PMD



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Pharmacopoeial Discussion Group(PDG)

- European Pharmacopoeia (EP), United States pharmacopeia (USP) and Japanese Pharmacopoeia (JP) participate.
- It was launched in 1989. WHO started participating as an observer in 2001.
- It meets twice per year. The latest meeting was held in Strasbourg on 12-13 November, 2014.
- Harmonization is carried out retrospectively for existing excipient monographs and general chapters or prospectively for new monographs or chapters.

	Harmonized Items (under revision)	In progress	
General Chapters	29 (4)	7	
Monographs	48 (10)	14	18

Pharmacopoeial Harmonization

- Objective & Scope-
- Reduction of stakeholders' burden of dealing with analytical procedures in different ways, using different acceptance criteria
- Updating level of science and Contribution to the assurance of the public health
- Harmonization of General Chapters and Excipient Monographs



Future PDG Activities; Issues to be considered

- PDG process improvement:
 - Simplify the PDG process and speed-up the elaboration of harmonized texts
 - Ensure transparency of the PDG activities for each stakeholder
 - Expand the scope of PDG harmonization items
- New scheme for interchangeability:
 - Objective of ICH Q4B was to declare if the texts published in the three pharmacopoeias are interchangeable.
 - Because of the cessation of activity of ICH Q4B, it is needed to discuss with regulatory authorities how to evaluate and declare "Interchangeability".





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Strategy for the future

- JP is considered to play an important role as Pharmaceutical standards based on PMD Act.
- In the progress of globalization, JP is expected to have a role with flexibility, to prevent low quality products from being imported into Japan.
- To contribute to enhancement of public health, JP is to be exploited eagerly, developing as internationally user friendly pharmacopoeia.



Roadmap for the PMDA International Vision

Five Important Areas Where RMs are needed

1) Response to advanced science and technology

2) Improvement of international operation basis

3) Dissemination of English information on regulatory review of medicinal products, especially publication of review reports in English

4) Dissemination of information and international cooperation on safety measures

5) Increase of the leverage of Japanese Pharmacopoeia (JP)

- Publish the newest JP version simultaneously in English and Japanese.
- Enhance cooperative relationship with the USP, EP, WHO and each Asian pharmacopeia.

Website: http://www.pmda.go.jp/english/international/pdf/PMDA_International_Vision/20130527_roadmap.pdf 23



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JP; Road map for the PMDA International Vision

Background

Japan needs to strengthen its international interactions in order to enhance the international status of the JP.

Objectives and goals

- JP is used in many countries and regions as the international standard, and has been updated properly
- JP actively puts more effort into the discussion of the PDG and efficiently promotes the international harmonization of test methods, excipients, and official monographs.

Priorities to be addressed

- For internationalization of pharmacopoeia
 - Prompt publication of the JP English Edition
 - Further improvement on the JP English Website
 - Promotion of the PDG activities and practical use of PDG harmonized texts worldwide
 - Buildup of the frameworks for international information exchange among pharmacopoeias
 - e.g. Cooperation with the International Meeting of World Pharmacopoeias (WHO)
 - Enhance cooperative relationships with other pharmacopoeias e.g. Workshop for training, Exchange of experts



PMDA(JP) would like to express sincere respect for your efforts in promotion of Public Health in Malaysia.

PMDA(JP) would like to promote cooperation with NPCB by sharing experience in international harmonization of pharmaceutical regulations through ICH and PDG, etc.

PMDA(JP) hopes that NPCB will utilize the Japanese Pharmacopoeia to ensure the Quality of Pharmaceuticals as one of Reference Pharmacopoeias in Malaysia.

Summary

Roles and Characteristics of JP

Official and Public Standards to Ensure Quality of Drugs <u>published by</u> <u>the Japanese Government</u>.

System of Establishing JP

Based on Five basic principles and secure process Setting Process; PMDA : <u>Scientific Drafting</u> MHLW: <u>Government Implementation</u>

International Harmonization of Pharmacopeia

The collaborative activity of **PDG** ; JP (MHLW/PMDA), EP (EDQM), USP (USPC) and WHO as observer

JP's perspective for the future

Road map for the PMDA International Vision and JP Strategy.

JP would like to strengthen the cooperation with NPCB.



JP Home-page @ PMDA Website

http://www.pmda.go.jp/english/pharmacopoeia/index.html







Thank you for your attention ! Terima kasih !!



Please visit to our website: http://www.pmda.go.jp/english/pharmacopoeia/index.html

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