



## Summary of investigation results

### Moxifloxacin hydrochloride (oral dosage form)

October 17, 2017

#### **Non-proprietary name**

Moxifloxacin hydrochloride (oral dosage form)

#### **Brand name (Marketing authorization holder)**

Avelox Tablets 400 mg (Bayer Yakuhin, Ltd.)

#### **Indications**

Applicable microorganisms:

Moxifloxacin hydrate-susceptible strains of genus *Staphylococci*, genus *Streptococci*, genus *Pneumococci*, *Moraxella (Branhamella) catarrhalis*, *Escherichia coli*, genus *Klebsiella*, genus *Enterobacter*, genus *Proteus*, *Haemophilus influenzae*, *Legionella pneumophila*, *Propionibacterium acnes*, *Chlamydia pneumoniae*, and *Mycoplasma pneumoniae*

Applicable conditions:

Superficial skin infection, deep-seated skin infection, secondary infections of traumatic injury, thermal burn, surgical wound, and others, pharyngitis/laryngitis, tonsillitis, acute bronchitis, pneumonia, secondary infection of chronic respiratory lesions, sinusitis

#### **Summary of revision**

“Rhabdomyolysis” should be added in the Clinically Significant Adverse Reactions section.

#### **Background of the revision and investigation results**

Cases of rhabdomyolysis have been reported in patients treated with moxifloxacin hydrochloride in Japan. Following investigation results based on the opinions of expert advisors and the available evidence, the MHLW/PMDA concluded that revision of the package insert of moxifloxacin hydrochloride was necessary.



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**The number of reported adverse reactions and fatal cases in the last 3 fiscal years in Japan (in and after FY 2014)**

A total of 2 cases associated with rhabdomyolysis have been reported (the causal relationship to the product could not be ruled out in those patients). No fatality has been reported.