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Translated by
Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency



This English version is intended to be a reference material to provide convenience for users. In the event of inconsistency between the Japanese original and this English translation, the former shall prevail.

Revision of Precautions

Insulin aspart (genetical recombination) (vial preparations with description for continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion (CSII) therapy in the DOSAGE and ADMINISTRATION section)

May 19, 2020

Therapeutic category

Hormones-miscellaneous

Non-proprietary name

Insulin aspart (genetical recombination)

Safety measure

Precautions should be revised in the package insert.

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Revision in line with the Instructions for Package Inserts of Prescription Drugs, etc. PSEHB Notification No. 0608-1 by the Director of Pharmaceutical Safety and Environmental Health Bureau, MHLW, dated June 8, 2017 (New instructions): Revised language is underlined.

Current	Revision
<p>8. IMPORTANT PRECAUTIONS</p> <p>(N/A)</p>	<p>8. IMPORTANT PRECAUTIONS</p> <p><u>By repeated injection into the same spot, cutaneous amyloidosis or lipodystrophy may occur in the injection site. Injection sites should be examined periodically and patients should be instructed as follows:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>· This drug should be injected at least 2 to 3 cm apart from the previous injection site.</u> <u>· If any masses and indurations that formed in the injection site are noted, injection into the affected area should be avoided.</u> <p><u>Injection of this drug into areas where cutaneous amyloidosis or lipodystrophy developed may impede the absorption of this drug and result in poor glycemic control. If poor glycemic control is recognized, the injection site should be examined for mass or induration and appropriate measures should be taken such as changing the injection site as well as dose adjustment. Cases of hypoglycemia have been reported that occurred after the injection site was changed, and insulin preparation was injected into an unaffected area in doses excessively increased in association with the poor glycemic control.</u></p>

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	<p><u>Incorrect doses of insulin may be injected by confusing the number of units of insulin per milliliter of liquid (insulin units) with the volume of the liquid (mL). Syringes dedicated to the insulin vials that are calibrated in insulin units or other measurement units should be used to formulate or administer an injection liquid, except when the drug is used for continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion (CSII) therapy. In that case, the device that is specified in the user manual of the portable insulin infusion pump should be used.</u></p>
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N/A: Not Applicable, because the section is not included in the current package insert.

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