

Published by
Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare



Translated by
Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency



This English version is intended to be a reference material to provide convenience for users. In the event of inconsistency between the Japanese original and this English translation, the former shall prevail.

Revision of Precautions

Clopidogrel sulfate

June 1, 2020

Therapeutic category

Blood and body fluid agents-miscellaneous

Non-proprietary name

Clopidogrel sulfate

Safety measure

Precautions should be revised in the package insert.

Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency

3-3-2 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0013 Japan
E-mail: safety.info@pmda.go.jp

Revision in line with the Instructions for Package Inserts of Prescription Drugs, PAB Notification No. 606 by the Director General of Pharmaceutical Affairs Bureau, MHW, dated April 25, 1997 (Old instructions): Revised language is underlined.

Current			Revision								
<p>Contraindications <u>Patients receiving selexipag</u></p>			<p>Contraindications (deleted)</p>								
<p>Drug Interactions <u>Contraindications for Co-administration</u></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Drugs</th> <th>Signs, symptoms, and treatment</th> <th>Mechanism/risk factors</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Selexipag</td> <td>The blood concentration of the active metabolite of selexipag may increase.</td> <td>Metabolism of the active metabolite of selexipag is considered to be suppressed due to the inhibition of CYP2C8.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Drugs	Signs, symptoms, and treatment	Mechanism/risk factors	Selexipag	The blood concentration of the active metabolite of selexipag may increase.	Metabolism of the active metabolite of selexipag is considered to be suppressed due to the inhibition of CYP2C8.	<p>Drug Interactions (deleted)</p>		
Drugs	Signs, symptoms, and treatment	Mechanism/risk factors									
Selexipag	The blood concentration of the active metabolite of selexipag may increase.	Metabolism of the active metabolite of selexipag is considered to be suppressed due to the inhibition of CYP2C8.									
<p>Precautions for Co-administration (N/A)</p>			<p>Precautions for Co-administration</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Drugs</th> <th>Signs, symptoms, and treatment</th> <th>Mechanism/risk factors</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Selexipag</td> <td>There are reports that the C_{max} and AUC of the active metabolite of selexipag (MRE-269) increased. A dose reduction in selexipag should be considered if co-administered with this drug.</td> <td>The blood concentration of selexipag is considered to increase due to the inhibition of CYP2C8 by the glucuronic acid conjugate of this drug.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Drugs	Signs, symptoms, and treatment	Mechanism/risk factors	Selexipag	There are reports that the C_{max} and AUC of the active metabolite of selexipag (MRE-269) increased. A dose reduction in selexipag should be considered if co-administered with this drug.	The blood concentration of selexipag is considered to increase due to the inhibition of CYP2C8 by the glucuronic acid conjugate of this drug.
Drugs	Signs, symptoms, and treatment	Mechanism/risk factors									
Selexipag	There are reports that the C_{max} and AUC of the active metabolite of selexipag (MRE-269) increased. A dose reduction in selexipag should be considered if co-administered with this drug.	The blood concentration of selexipag is considered to increase due to the inhibition of CYP2C8 by the glucuronic acid conjugate of this drug.									

N/A: Not Applicable, because the section is not included in the current package insert.

Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency

3-3-2 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0013 Japan
 E-mail: safety.info@pmda.go.jp

Revision in line with the Instructions for Package Inserts of Prescription Drugs, etc. PSEHB Notification No. 0608-1 by the Director of Pharmaceutical Safety and Environmental Health Bureau, MHLW, dated June 8, 2017 (New instructions): Revised language is underlined.

Current			Revision														
<p>2. CONTRAINDICATIONS <u>Patients receiving selexipag</u></p> <p>10. INTERACTIONS 10.1 Contraindications for Co-administration</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Drugs</th> <th>Signs, symptoms, and treatment</th> <th>Mechanism/risk factors</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><u>Selexipag</u></td> <td><u>The blood concentration of the active metabolite of selexipag may increase.</u></td> <td><u>Metabolism of the active metabolite of selexipag is considered to be suppressed due to the inhibition of CYP2C8 by this drug.</u></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>10.2 Precautions for Co-administration (N/A)</p>			Drugs	Signs, symptoms, and treatment	Mechanism/risk factors	<u>Selexipag</u>	<u>The blood concentration of the active metabolite of selexipag may increase.</u>	<u>Metabolism of the active metabolite of selexipag is considered to be suppressed due to the inhibition of CYP2C8 by this drug.</u>	<p>2. CONTRAINDICATIONS (deleted)</p> <p>10. INTERACTIONS (deleted)</p> <p>10.2 Precautions for Co-administration</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Drugs</th> <th>Signs, symptoms, and treatment</th> <th>Mechanism/risk factors</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><u>Selexipag</u></td> <td><u>There are reports that the C_{max} and AUC of the active metabolite of selexipag (MRE-269) increased. A dose reduction in selexipag should be considered if co-administered with this drug.</u></td> <td>The blood concentration of selexipag is considered to increase due to the CYP2C8 inhibiting effects by the glucuronic acid conjugate of this drug.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Drugs	Signs, symptoms, and treatment	Mechanism/risk factors	<u>Selexipag</u>	<u>There are reports that the C_{max} and AUC of the active metabolite of selexipag (MRE-269) increased. A dose reduction in selexipag should be considered if co-administered with this drug.</u>	The blood concentration of selexipag is considered to increase due to the CYP2C8 inhibiting effects by the glucuronic acid conjugate of this drug.
Drugs	Signs, symptoms, and treatment	Mechanism/risk factors															
<u>Selexipag</u>	<u>The blood concentration of the active metabolite of selexipag may increase.</u>	<u>Metabolism of the active metabolite of selexipag is considered to be suppressed due to the inhibition of CYP2C8 by this drug.</u>															
Drugs	Signs, symptoms, and treatment	Mechanism/risk factors															
<u>Selexipag</u>	<u>There are reports that the C_{max} and AUC of the active metabolite of selexipag (MRE-269) increased. A dose reduction in selexipag should be considered if co-administered with this drug.</u>	The blood concentration of selexipag is considered to increase due to the CYP2C8 inhibiting effects by the glucuronic acid conjugate of this drug.															

N/A: Not Applicable, because the section is not included in the current package insert.

Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency

3-3-2 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0013 Japan
E-mail: safety.info@pmda.go.jp