## 1 Temozolomide Capsules

2 テモゾロミドカプセル

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4 Temozolomide Capsules contain not less than 5 95.0% and not more than 105.0% of the labeled 6 amount of temozolomide ( $C_6H_6N_6O_2$ : 194.15).

7 Method of preparation Prepare as directed under Cap-8 sules, with Temozolomide.

9 **Identification** Perform the test with 20  $\mu$ L each of the 10 sample solution and standard solution obtained in the Assay 11 as directed under Liquid Chromatography <2.01> according 12 to the following conditions: the retention times of the prin-13 cipal peaks in the chromatograms obtained from these solu-14 tions are the same, and the absorption spectra of these peaks 15 exhibit similar intensities of absorption at the same wave-

16 lengths.

17 Operating conditions –

18 Column, column temperature, mobile phase and flow19 rate: Proceed as directed in the operating conditions in the20 Assay.

Detector: A photodiode array detector (wavelength: 270
nm, spectrum range of measurement: 210 – 400 nm).

23 System suitability –

System performance: Proceed as directed in the systemsuitability in the Assay.

26 **Purity** Related substances—Use the sample solution ob-27 tained in the Assay as the sample solution. Pipet 1 mL of 28 the sample solution, add dimethyl sulfoxide to make exactly 29 100 mL, and use this solution as the standard solution. Per-30 form the test with exactly 20  $\mu$ L each of the sample solution 31 and standard solution as directed under Liquid Chromatography <2.01> according to the following conditions, and 32 determine each peak area by the automatic integration 33 34 method: the peak area of the related substance E, having the relative retention time of about 0.4 to temozolomide, ob-35 tained from the sample solution is not larger than 3/5 times 36 37 the peak area of temozolomide from the standard solution, 38 the peak area of the related substance CA, having the rela-39 tive retention time of about 1.4, from the sample solution is 40 not larger than the peak area of temozolomide from the 41 standard solution, and the area of the peak other than temozolomide and the peaks mentioned above from the sam-42 ple solution is not larger than 1/5 times the peak area of 43 44 temozolomide from the standard solution. Furthermore, the 45 total area of the peaks other than temozolomide from the sample solution is not larger than 1.2 times the peak area of 46 47 temozolomide from the standard solution. For the peak are-48 as of the related substances E and CA, multiply the relative 49 response factors, 0.63 and 0.30, respectively.

50 Operating conditions –

51 Detector, column, column temperature, mobile phase and

52 flow rate: Proceed as directed in the operating conditions in

53 the Assay.

54 Time span of measurement: About 3 times as long as the 55 retention time of temozolomide.

56 System suitability-

57 System performance: Proceed as directed in the system58 suitability in the Assay.

59 Test for required detectability: Pipet 2 mL of the standard 60 solution, and add the mobile phase to make exactly 20 mL. 61 Confirm that the peak area of temozolomide obtained with 62  $20 \ \mu$ L of this solution is equivalent to 7 to 13% of that with 63  $20 \ \mu$ L of the standard solution.

64 System repeatability: When the test is repeated 6 times 65 with 20  $\mu$ L of the standard solution under the above operat-66 ing conditions, the relative standard deviation of the peak 67 area of temozolomide is not more than 2.0%.

68 Uniformity of dosage units <6.02> Perform the Mass
69 variation test, or the Content uniformity test according to
70 the following method: it meets the requirement.

71 To 1 capsule of Temozolomide Capsules add exactly V 72 mL of the mobile phase so that each mL contains about 1 73 mg of temozolomide (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>), and shake until the cap-74 sule is completely disintegrated. Shake until the content is 75 dispersed, centrifuge for 10 minutes, and filter the superna-76 tant liquid through a membrane filter with a pore size of 77 0.45  $\mu$ m. Discard the first 3 mL of the filtrate, pipet 10 mL 78 of the subsequent filtrate, add the mobile phase to make 79 exactly 100 mL, and use this solution as the sample solution. 80 Then, proceed as directed in the Assay.

Amount (mg) of temozolomide (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>)  
=
$$M_{\rm S} \times A_{\rm T} / A_{\rm S} \times V / 25$$

83  $M_{\rm S}$ : Amount (mg) of Temozolomide RS taken

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84 **Dissolution**  $\langle 6.10 \rangle$  When the test is performed at 100 85 revolutions per minute according to the Basket method, 86 using 900 mL of water as the dissolution medium, the *Q* 87 value in 30 minutes of Temozolomide Capsules is 80%.

88 Start the test with 1 capsule of Temozolomide Capsules, withdraw not less than 10 mL of the medium at the speci-89 90 fied minute after starting the test, and filter through a mem-91 brane filter with a pore size not exceeding 0.8  $\mu$ m. Discard 92 not more than 3 mL of the first filtrate, pipet V mL of the 93 subsequent filtrate, add water to make exactly V' mL so that 94 each mL contains about 22  $\mu$ g of temozolomide (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>), 95 and use this solution as the sample solution. Separately, weigh accurately about 22 mg of Temozolomide RS, and 96 97 dissolve in water to make exactly 100 mL. Pipet 10 mL of 98 this solution, add water to make exactly 100 mL, and use 99 this solution as the standard solution. Determine the ab100 sorbances,  $A_{\rm T}$  and  $A_{\rm S}$ , of the sample solution and standard 149

101 solution at 328 nm as directed under Ultraviolet-visible102 Spectrophotometry <2.24>.

103 Dissolution rate (%) with respect to the labeled amount of 104 temozolomide  $(C_6H_6N_6O_2)$ 

$$105 \qquad = M_{\rm S} \times A_{\rm T} / A_{\rm S} \times V' / V \times 1 / C \times 90$$

106  $M_{\rm S}$ : Amount (mg) of Temozolomide RS taken

107 C: Labeled amount (mg) of temozolomide (
$$C_6H_6N_6O_2$$
) in

108 1 capsule

109 Assay To 10 Temozolomide Capsules add the mobile phase, and shake until the capsules are completely disinte-110 111 grated. Shake until the content is dispersed, and add the mobile phase to make exactly V mL so that each mL con-112 tains about 1 mg of temozolomide (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>). Centrifuge 113 this solution for 10 minutes, and filter the supernatant liquid 114 through a membrane filter with a pore size of 0.45  $\mu$ m. 115 116 Discard the first 3 mL of the filtrate, pipet 10 mL of the 117 subsequent filtrate, add the mobile phase to make exactly 100 mL, and use this solution as the sample solution. Sepa-118 119 rately, weigh accurately about 25 mg of Temozolomide RS, add 200 mL of the mobile phase, sonicate to dissolve, add 120 121 the mobile phase to make exactly 250 mL, and use this so-122 lution as the standard solution. Perform the test with exactly 123 20  $\mu$ L each of the sample solution and standard solution as 124 directed under Liquid Chromatography <2.01> according to 125 the following conditions, and determine the peak areas,  $A_{\rm T}$ and  $A_{\rm S}$ , of temozolomide in each solution. 126

- 127 Amount (mg) of temozolomide (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) in 1 capsule 128 =  $M_S \times A_T / A_S \times V / 250$
- 129  $M_{\rm S}$ : Amount (mg) of Temozolomide RS taken
- 130 Operating conditions –

131 Detector: An ultraviolet absorption photometer (wave-132 length: 270 nm).

- 133 Column: A stainless steel column 4.6 mm in inside diam-
- 134 eter and 15 cm in length, packed with octadecylsilanized 135 silica gel for liquid chromatography (5  $\mu$ m in particle diam-
- 136 eter).137 Column temperature: A constant temperature of about
- 138 25°C.
- 139 Mobile phase: To 5 mL of acetic acid (100) add 1000 mL
- 140 of water. To 24 volumes of this solution add 1 volume of141 methanol. Dissolve 0.94 g of sodium 1-hexanesulfonate in
- 142 1000 mL of this solution.
- 143 Flow rate: Adjust so that the retention time of te-144 mozolomide is about 9.5 minutes.
- 145 System suitability-
- 146 System performance: Dissolve 10 mg of temozolomide in
- 147 25 mL of the mobile phase. To this solution add 25 mL of
- 148  $\,$  0.1 mol/L hydrochloric acid TS, allow to stand at 80°C for 4  $\,$

149 hours, cool to 4°C, and preserve. When the procedure is run 150 with 20  $\mu$ L of this solution under the above operating con-151 ditions, the resolution between the peaks of temozolomide 152 and the related substance CA is not less than 2.5, and the 153 symmetry factor of the peak of temozolomide is not more 154 than 1.9.

System repeatability: When the test is repeated 6 times with 20  $\mu$ L of the standard solution under the above operating conditions, the relative standard deviation of the peak area of temozolomide is not more than 1.0%.

159 Containers and storage Containers – Tight containers.

## Others

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- Related substance E:
- Refer to it described in Temozolomide.
- 163 Related substance CA:
  - 5-Amino-1H-imidazole-4-carboxamide

166 Add the following to 9.01 Reference 167 Standards (1):

Temozolomide RS

## 169 Add the following to 9.41 Reagents, Test 170 Solutions:

171 **Temozolomide**  $C_6H_6N_6O_2$  [Same as the namesake 172 monograph]