

Quantitative M&S and MIDD in PMDA: Activity and Perspective

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| Biography

- I am Associate Senior Scientist for clinical pharmacology and pharmacokinetics at PMDA, Japan. I have over 10 years' experience reviewing the pharmacokinetics, clinical pharmacology and pharmacometrics of new drugs. From 2016 to 2017, I worked as ORISE Fellow for Division of Pharmacometrics, Office of Clinical Pharmacology/CDER/U.S.FDA. In PMDA, I am in charge of clinical pharmacology and pharmacometrics in the Modeling & Simulation project team. And, I contributed to develop Japanese pharmacometrics related guidelines including PBPK reporting guideline, Exposure-Response guideline and Population approach (PopPK, PopPK/PD) guideline.



| Disclaimer

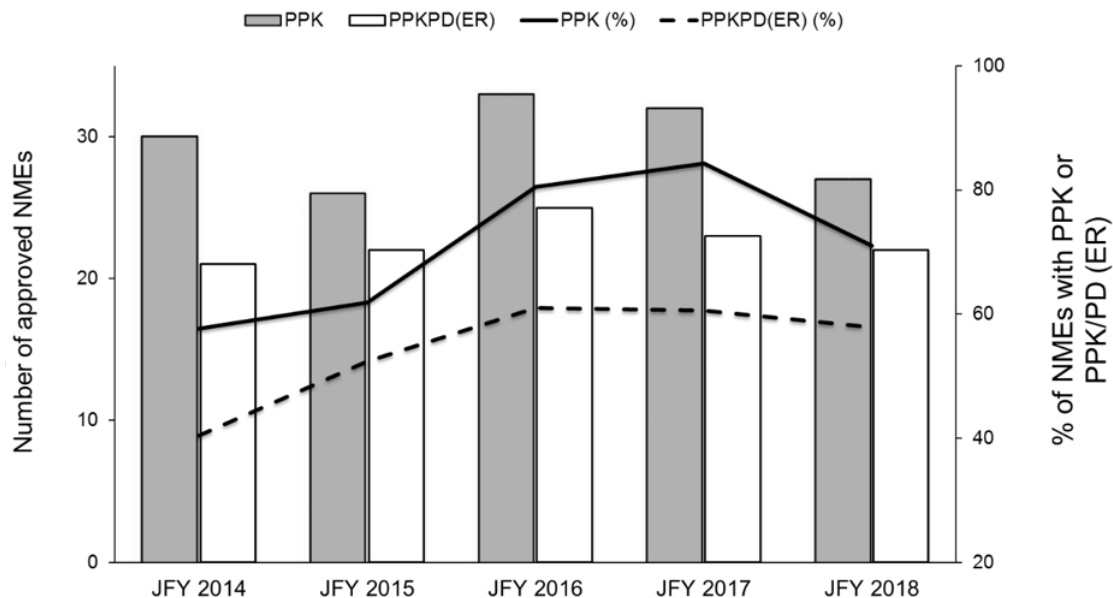
- The contents of this presentation represent the view of this presenter only, and do not represent the views and/or policies of the PMDA

| Outline

- Current state of new drug review utilizing M&S in PMDA
- Modernization of the Clinical Pharmacology and Pharmacometric reviews in PMDA
- Future prospects on Quantitative M&S : Perspective from Japanese regulatory agency

PPK and E-R(PPK/PD) in NDA submissions in Japan

Trends of Pop approaches (PPK and PPK/PD (E-R)) in NMEs approved between 2014 and 2018



| PBPK modeling submissions to the PMDA

Between 2014 to 2016

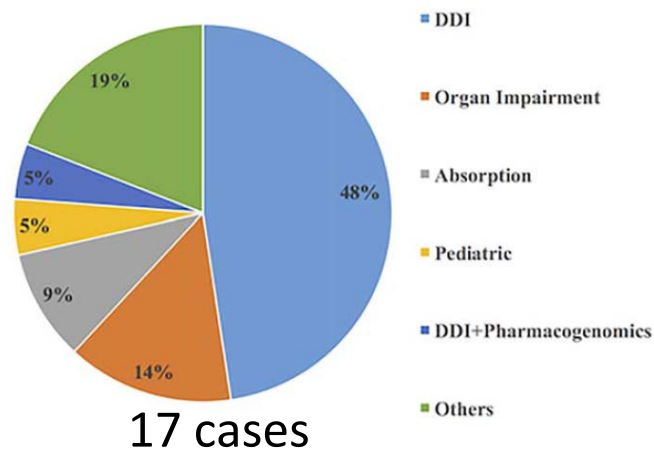
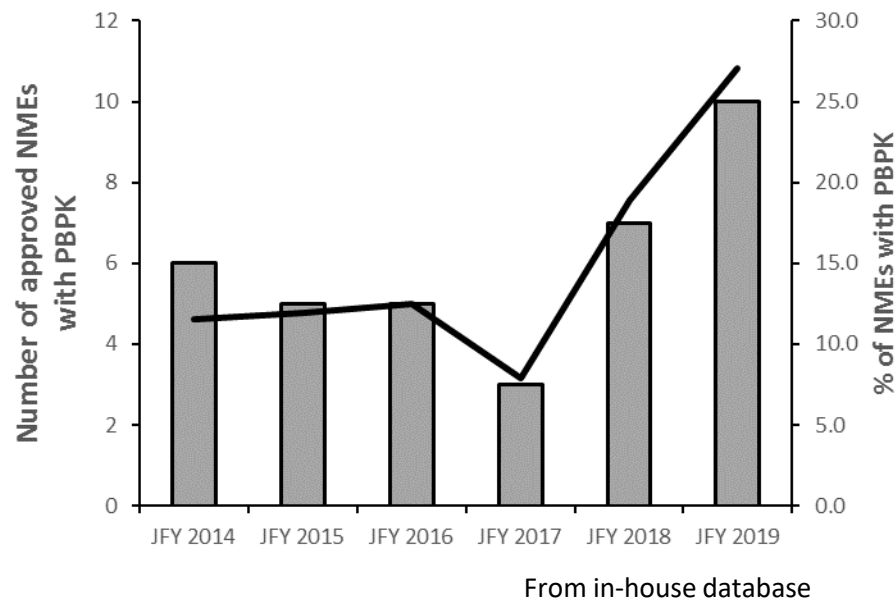


Figure 1 PBPK application in the 17 submissions in NDAs of NMEs received by the PMDA from 2014 to 2016. In some cases, multiple PBPK M&S reports were included in one submission.

CPT Pharmacometrics Syst. Pharmacol. 2017 6(7) 413-415.



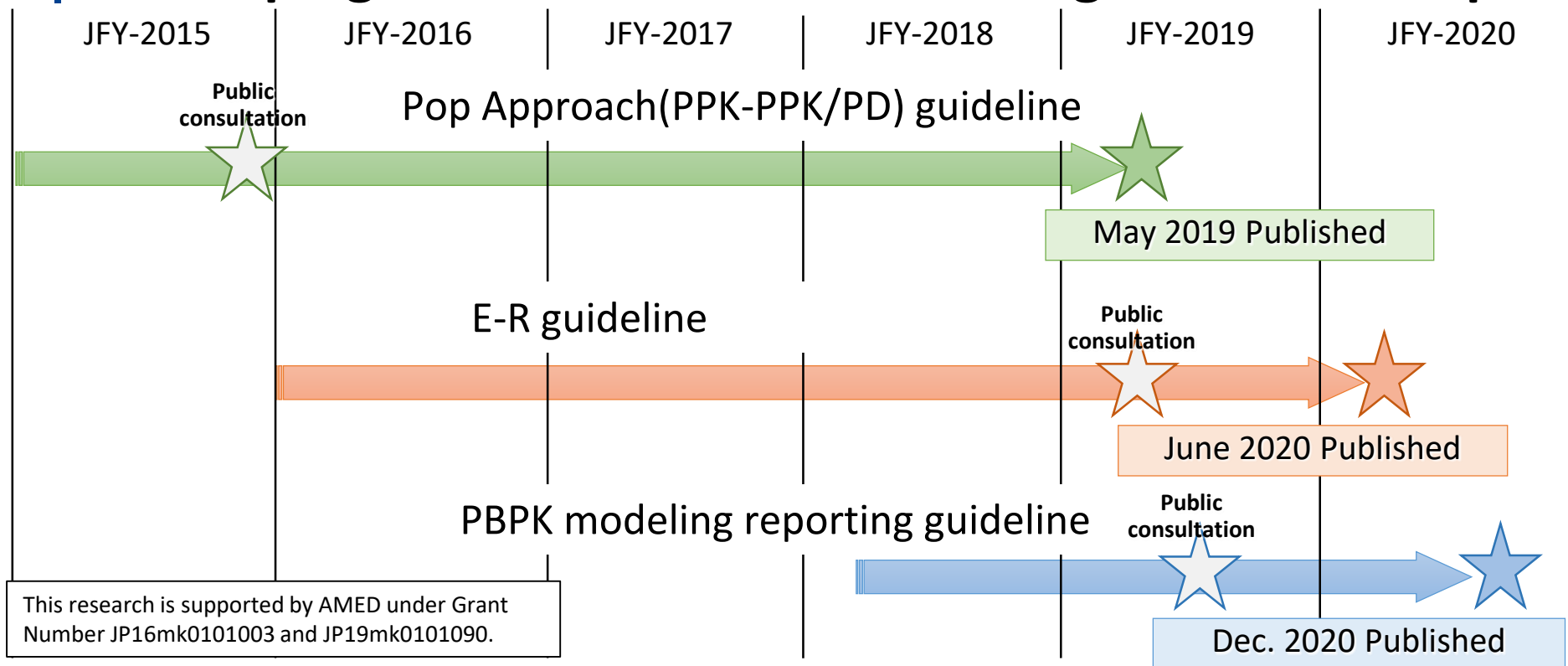
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- Modernization of the Clinical Pharmacology and Pharmacometric reviews in PMDA
 - ❑ Developing Quantitative M&S related guidelines
 - ❑ M&S Project Team in PMDA
 - ❑ e-study data submission for regulatory review

Developing Quantitative M&S related guidelines in Japan

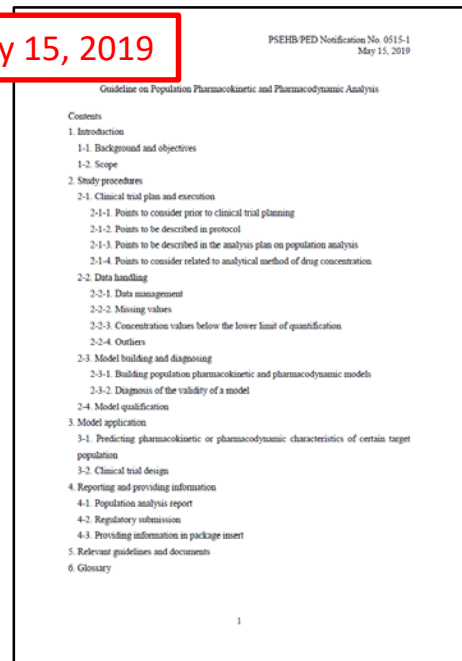
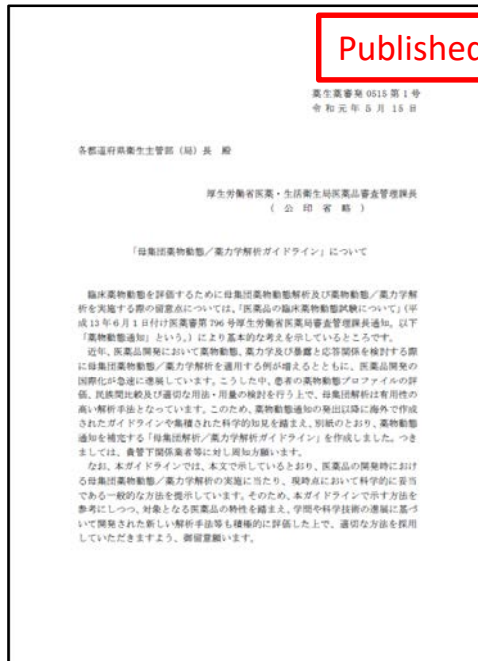


Guideline on Population Pharmacokinetic and Pharmacodynamic Analysis

Japanese(Original) version

English(for reference) version

Published on May 15, 2019



<https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000229625.pdf>

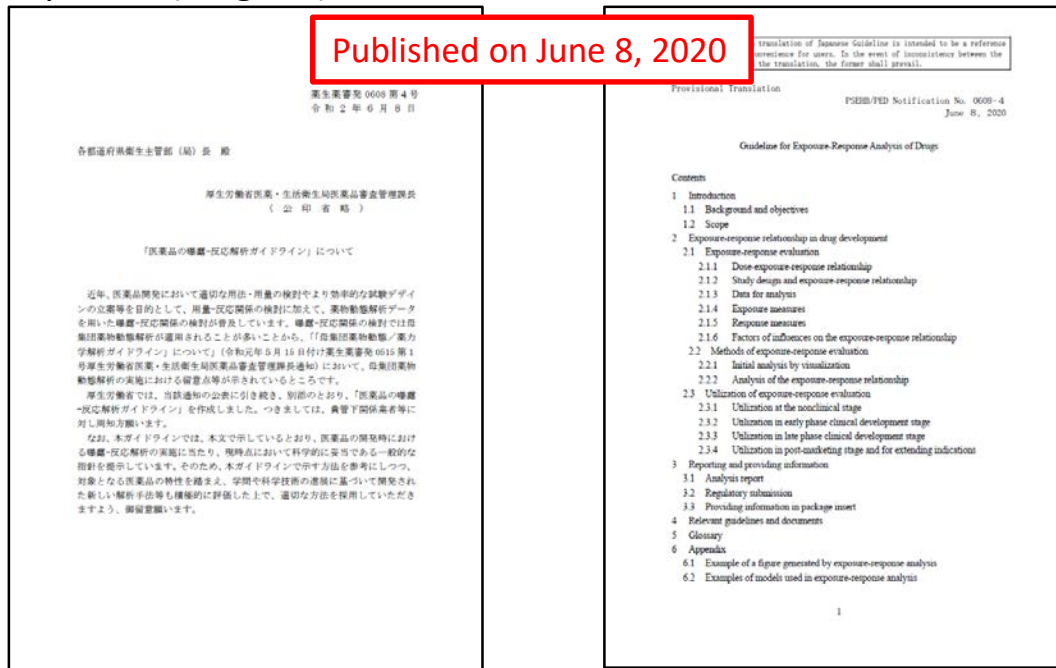
<https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000230073.pdf>

Guideline for Exposure-Response Analysis of Drugs

Japanese(Original) version

English(for reference) version

Published on June 8, 2020




<https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000235381.pdf>

<https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000235382.pdf>

Guidelines for Analysis Reports Involving PBPK Models

Japanese(Original) version

English(for reference) version



厚生労働省令第1221号
令和2年12月21日

各都道府県衛生主管部（局）長 殿

厚生労働省医薬・生活衛生局医薬品審査管理課長
（ 公 印 寄 附 ）

「生理学的薬物速度論モデルの解析報告書に関するガイドライン」について

近年、医薬品の投与後の薬物動態、薬理反応、有効性又は安全性データの一連の関係について、構築した数理的なモデルを基に、それらの関係を推定する試みとしてモデリングをシミュレーション（MS）を使用した開発戦略が注目されています。MSの半田の一つとして、ヒトの生理学的な特徴、医薬品の生化学的、物理化学的な情報等を利用してモデルを組み上げ解析する生理学的薬物速度論（Physiologically based pharmacokinetic（PBPK）モデルを用いた解析があり、薬物相互作用の検討や小児等の特定の背景を有する集団における薬物動態の推定、用法・用量の設定等を行う上で有用な手法の一つです。

厚生労働省では、近年、製造販売承認申請時にPBPKモデルを用いた解析を活用した例が増加していること等を踏まえ、PBPKモデルを用いた解析を用いた評価結果が適切に報告されるよう、別添のとおり「生理学的薬物速度論モデルの解析報告書に関するガイドライン」を作成しました。つきましては、貴管下関係事業者等に対し周知をお願いします。

なお、本ガイドラインでは、本文で示しているとおり、医薬品の開発時にPBPKモデルを用いた解析結果を提出するための解析報告書を作成する際の留意事項及び基本的考え方を提示しています。本ガイドラインは現時点での科学的知見に基づいて検討されたものですので、本ガイドラインを参考にしつつ、学問や科学技術の進展に伴い新たな知見が得られた場合は、科学的な判断に基づき柔軟な対応を考慮していただきますよう、御留意願います。

Published on Dec. 21, 2020

PSEKB PED Notification No. 1221-1
December 21, 2020

Guidelines for Analysis Reports Involving Physiologically based Pharmacokinetic Models

Table of contents

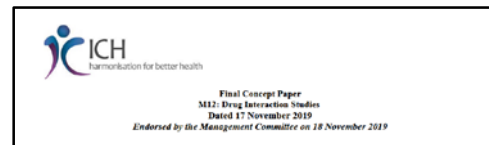
1. Introduction	2
1.1. Background and objectives	2
1.2. Scope	3
2. Content of an analysis report	3
2.1. Summary	3
2.2. Objective	3
2.3. Background information	3
2.4. Methods of analysis	4
2.4.1. Assumptions	4
2.4.2. Information of system specific parameters	5
2.4.3. Drug information related to model building	5
2.4.4. Simulation	6
2.4.5. Methods for model qualification	6
2.5. Results	7
2.5.1. Results of model qualification	7
2.5.2. Application of models	8
2.6. Discussion	8
3. PBPK platforms	9
4. Electronic data submission	9
5. Relevant guidance and guidelines	10
6. Glossary	10

<https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000238191.pdf>

<https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000238192.pdf>

| Other Guidelines

- ICH M12 : Drug Interaction Studies



https://database.ich.org/sites/default/files/M12_FinalConceptPaper_2019_1117.pdf

- ICH E11(R1) : Addendum to ICH E11: Clinical investigation of medicinal products in the pediatric population
- ICH E11A : Pediatric Extrapolation



https://database.ich.org/sites/default/files/E11_R1_Addendum.pdf

https://database.ich.org/sites/default/files/E11A_EWG_Concept_Paper.pdf

- ICH MIDD topic

Agreement on new ICH harmonisation activities

The Assembly additionally supported the establishment of a Discussion Group to further consider the scope and approach of potential new harmonisation activities relating to the following topic proposals:

- General Considerations for Model-Informed Drug Development to support Drug Registration

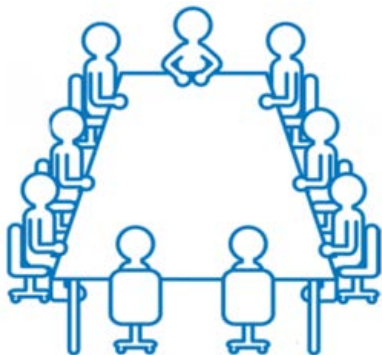
<https://www.ich.org/pressrelease/ich-assembly-virtual-meeting-may-2020>

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 - ☐ Developing Quantitative M&S related guidelines
 - ☒ M&S Project Team in PMDA
 - ☐ e-study data submission for regulatory review


| M&S Project Team in PMDA

- Strengthening the review system for sharing and utilization of share and use of experiences/knowledge related to M&S

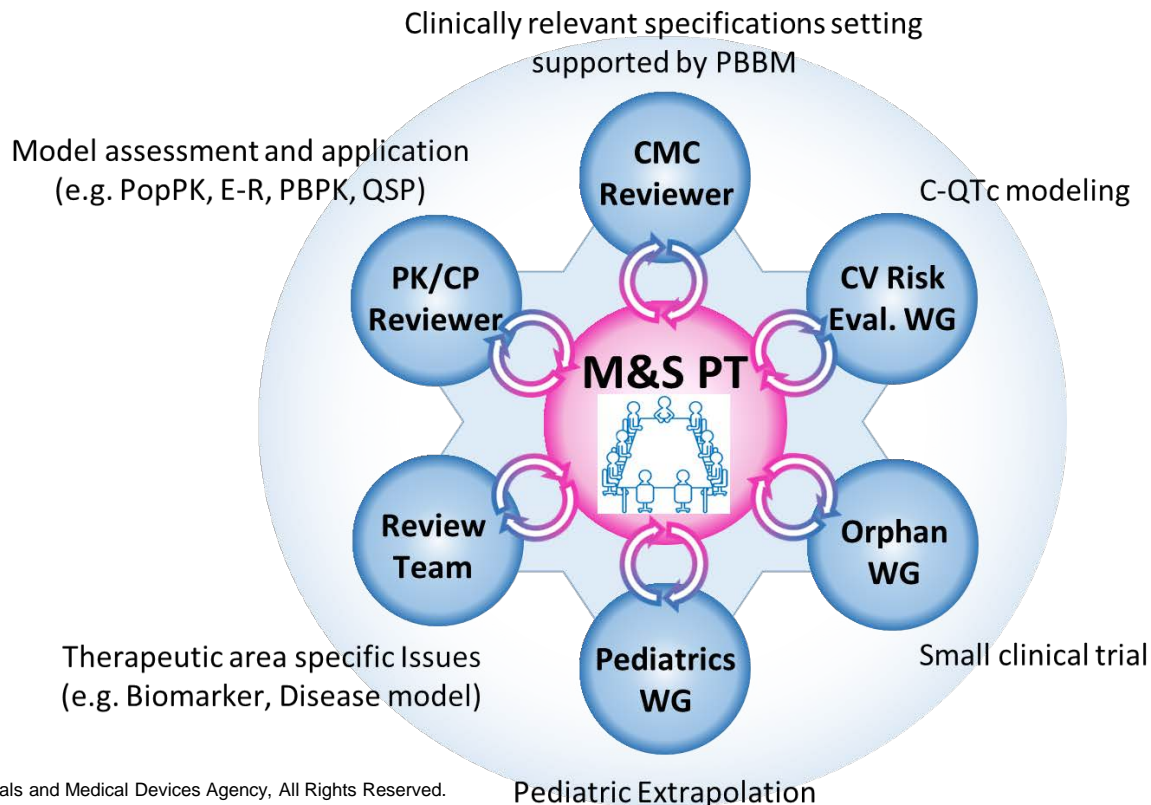


Framework to enable the discussion beyond expertise and therapeutic areas

- Discussion between Clinical Pharmacology/PK, Biostatistics, Clinical medicine, etc.
- Sharing the experiences/knowledge between the review teams
- Collaboration with other project teams in PMDA

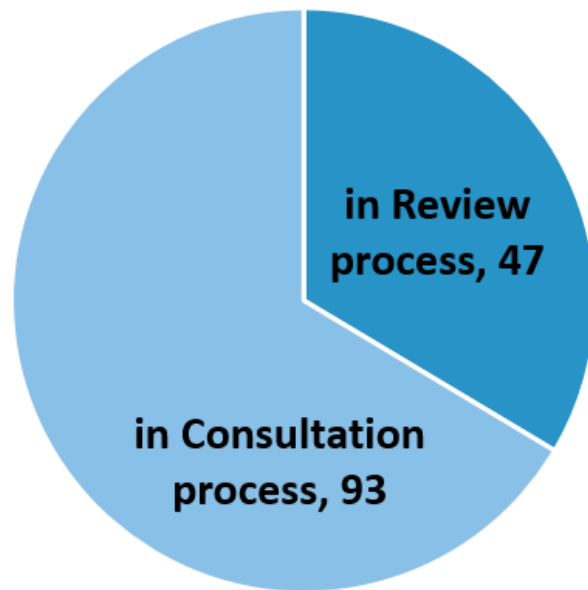
- 
- Scientific evaluation and decision making of M&S related issues in product review
 - Sharing the information within PMDA and with other stakeholders
 - Collaboration with other regulatory agencies

Collaborations with other project teams and reviewers

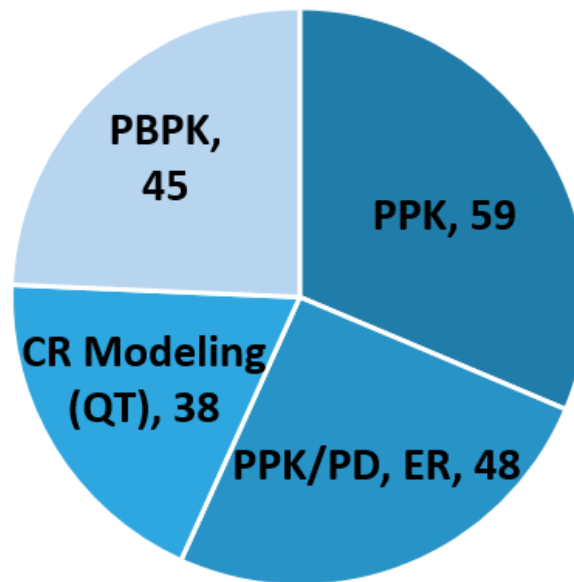


Number of contact from review team (Apr. 2016 to Feb. 2021)

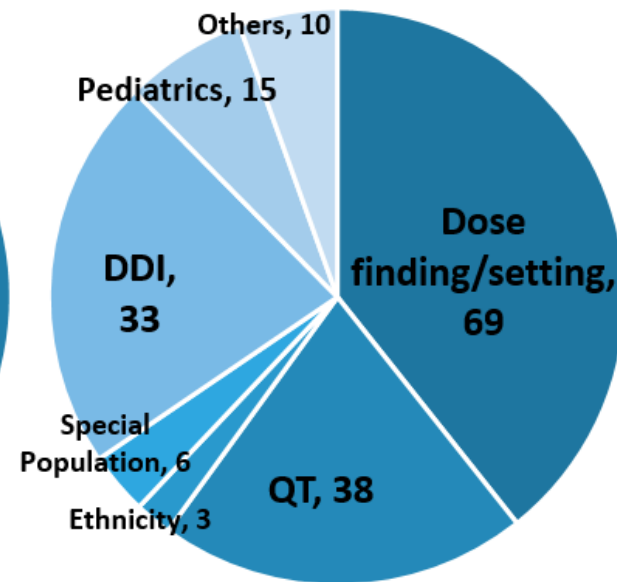
Review or Consultation



Model type*



Objectives*

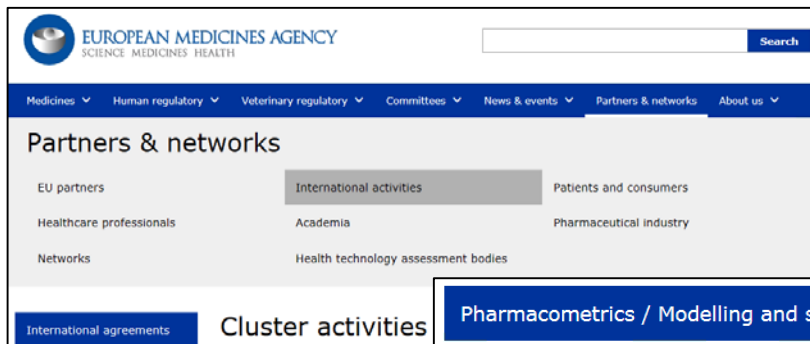


*Includes multiple cases

M&S Project Team in PMDA

International collaborations for M&S

Cluster activities on Pharmacometrics with EMA, FDA, HC and TGA



The European Medicines Agency (EMA) holds regular meetings by phone or videoconference with other non-EU regulators in so-called 'clusters'. The clusters are areas of cooperation focusing on special topics and therapeutic areas identified as requiring an intensified exchange of information and collaboration.

The type of information exchanged includes applications for [marketing authorisation](#) and extensions of [indications](#), including risk-management plans and evaluation of [safety signals](#).

The clusters were initially set up by EMA and United States (US) [Food and Drug Administration](#) (FDA). Other global regulators, including [Health Canada](#), the Japanese [Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency](#) (PMDA) and the Australian [Therapeutic Goods Administration](#) (TGA), now participate in some of the clusters.

In addition to regular cluster activities, ad-hoc product- or issue-related teleconferences are also held when required.

Pharmacometrics / Modelling and simulation

- Established: 2016
- Meeting frequency: quarterly by teleconference
- Participants: EMA, FDA, PMDA, Health Canada

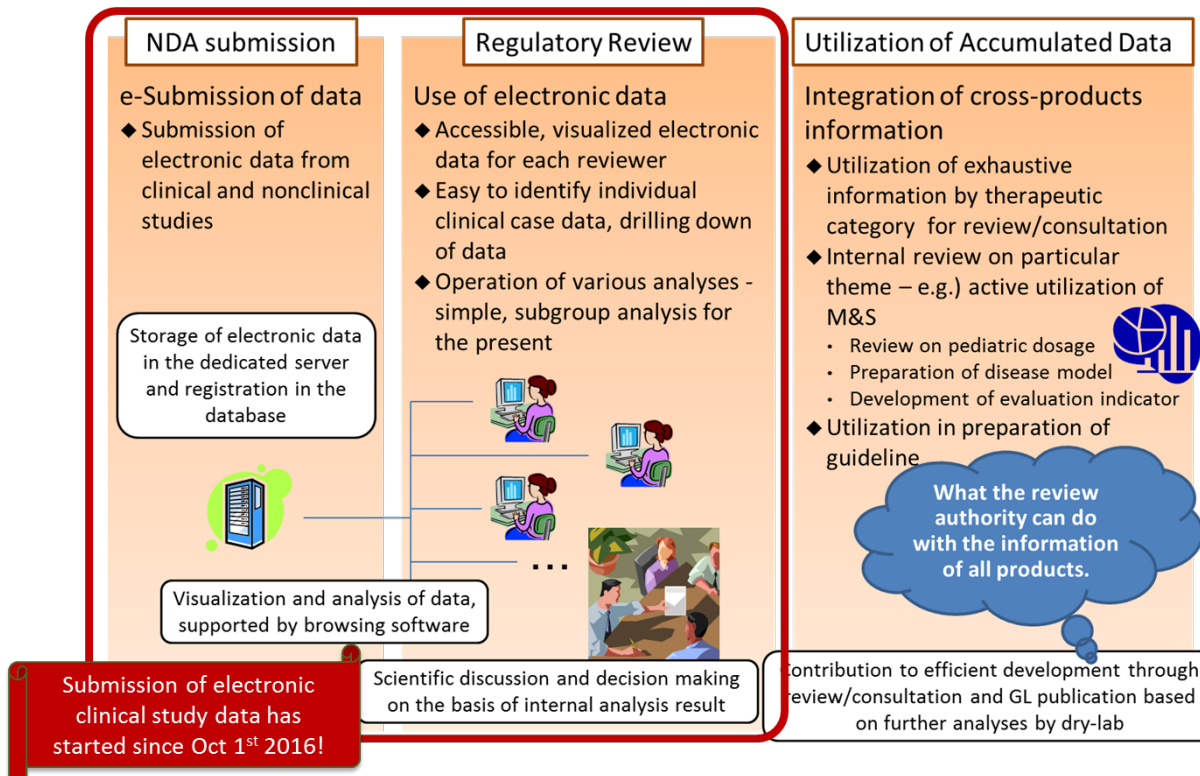
The objective of the cluster is to exchange information and perspectives on pharmacometrics, including guidelines, workshops, publications and products under parallel assessment. The Agencies will also work towards the harmonisation of their practices and activities in this area.

http://www.ema.europa.eu/ema/index.jsp?curl=pages/partners_and_networks/general/general_content_000655.jsp&mid=WC0b01ac0580953d98

| Outline

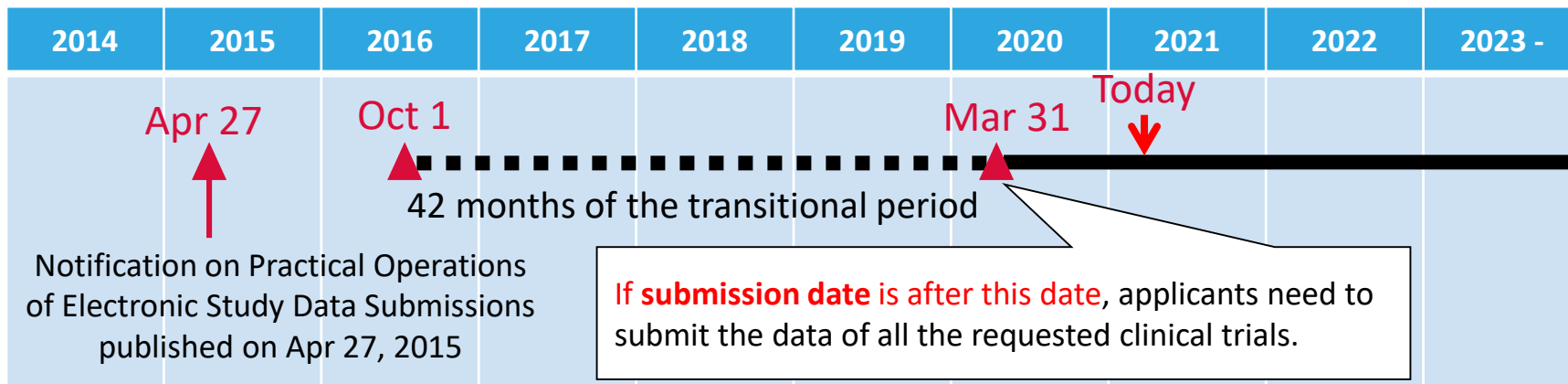
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Accumulation and utilization of data



Transitional period is over...

- The transitional period was ended on March 31, 2020.
 - During the transitional period, applicants submitted the data of at least one clinical trial included in their clinical data packages.
 - After the period, applicants need to submit the data of all the requested clinical trials.



| Electronic data to be submitted (for Clin. Pharm.)

<Standard two-stage analysis (NCA)>

- Datasets
 - SAS XPORT format (*.xpt)
 - ASCII Format Data Files
 - Phoenix Projects (*.phxproj)
 - WinNonlin Files (*.pmo, *.pwo) etc.
- Dataset definition documents
- Programs and others
 - Detailed information on the analyses

<PBPK modeling>

- Model information, Datasets as e-data
 - Files that contain information on the model structure used for the analysis
 - Clinical study datasets, including blood concentration data
- Dataset definition documents

<Population analysis (PPK, E-R etc.)>

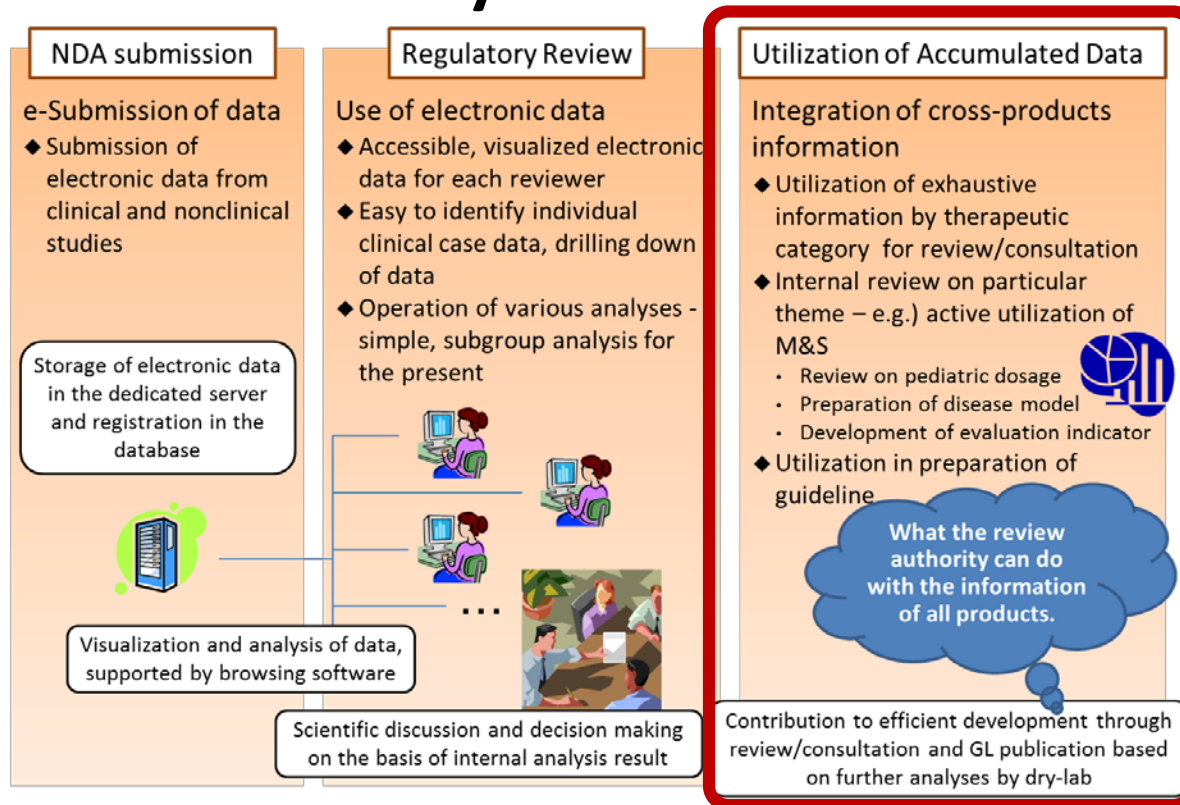
- Datasets
 - SAS XPORT format (*.xpt)
 - ASCII Format Data Files etc.
- Dataset definition documents
- Programs
 - control files
 - Files into which major results are outputted
 - Files on simulation
 - Detailed information of the program procedures

Scientific discussion and
decision making on the basis
of internal analysis results.

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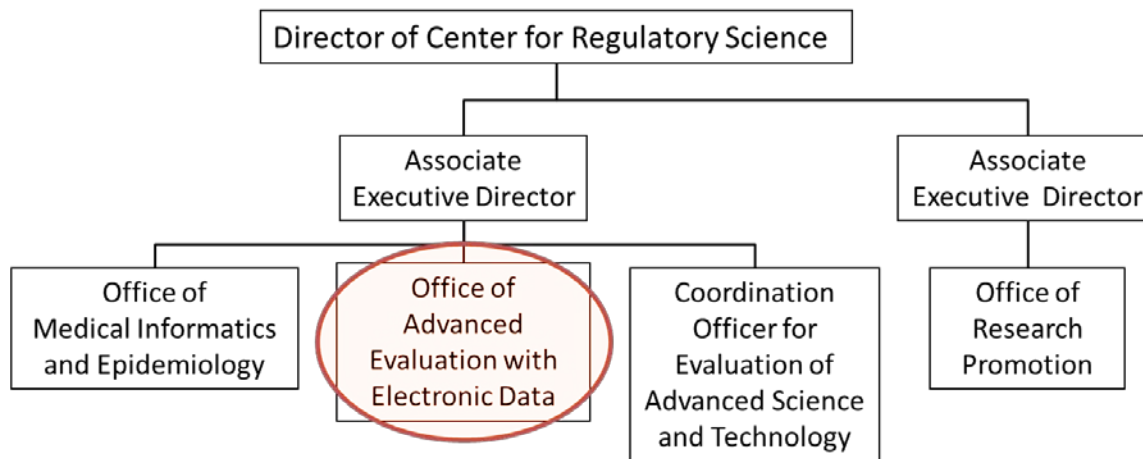
Accumulation of e-study data



Center for Regulatory Science (Established on April 1, 2018)

Organization Chart of Center for Regulatory Science

As of April 1, 2020



<https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000234601.pdf>

“Office of Advanced Evaluation with Electronic Data” is a part of the Regulatory Science Center.

Examples of utilization of accumulated e-study data

- Accumulation and integration of exhaustive information about the drugs by therapeutic category or drug mechanism of action
 - Cross-product information of particular diseases (efficacy, safety, and placebo effects)
 - Cross-indication evaluation of drug safety
- Internal review on particular theme, e.g. M&S
 - Investigation of exposure-biomarker-clinical outcome
 - Similarity of exposure-clinical outcome relationship between populations
- Guidance development
 - Guidance for therapeutic areas and specific topics
 - Points to be considered of particular methodologies

Utilization of e-study data in the future

Utilization of study data for new drug review

- Improvement of predictability of efficacy and safety
- Reviewing M&S results
- Reviewing novel evaluation methods
- Swift and effective decision-making

Utilization of accumulated study data

- Data accumulation
- Experiences of data evaluation
- Information from cross-product analysis
- Active use of M&S
- Evaluation of innovative analysis methods based on the accumulated data
- Experiences of meta-analytic approach

Submission of standardized study data

- Consultation based on the cross-product information
- Guidance for therapeutic areas
- Issuance of points to consider for methodology

Efficient new drug development

- Use of consultation meeting based on the cross-product information by PMDA
- Active use of M&S
- Use of innovative and appropriate methods for the purpose

- Consultation/guidance about innovative analysis methods
- Contribution to data standardization

Use of various data sources in the future

- Importance of study quality, data quality, and data standardization
- Innovative methods for analyzing data from various data sources

Utilization of e-study data in the future

Utilization of study data for new drug review

- Improvement of predictability of efficacy and safety

- Data accumulation

Utilization of accumulated study data

- Information from cross-product analysis
- Active use of M&S

✓ Quantitative M&S approach:
One of the powerful tool for to address regulatory questions based on accumulated data and other data sources.

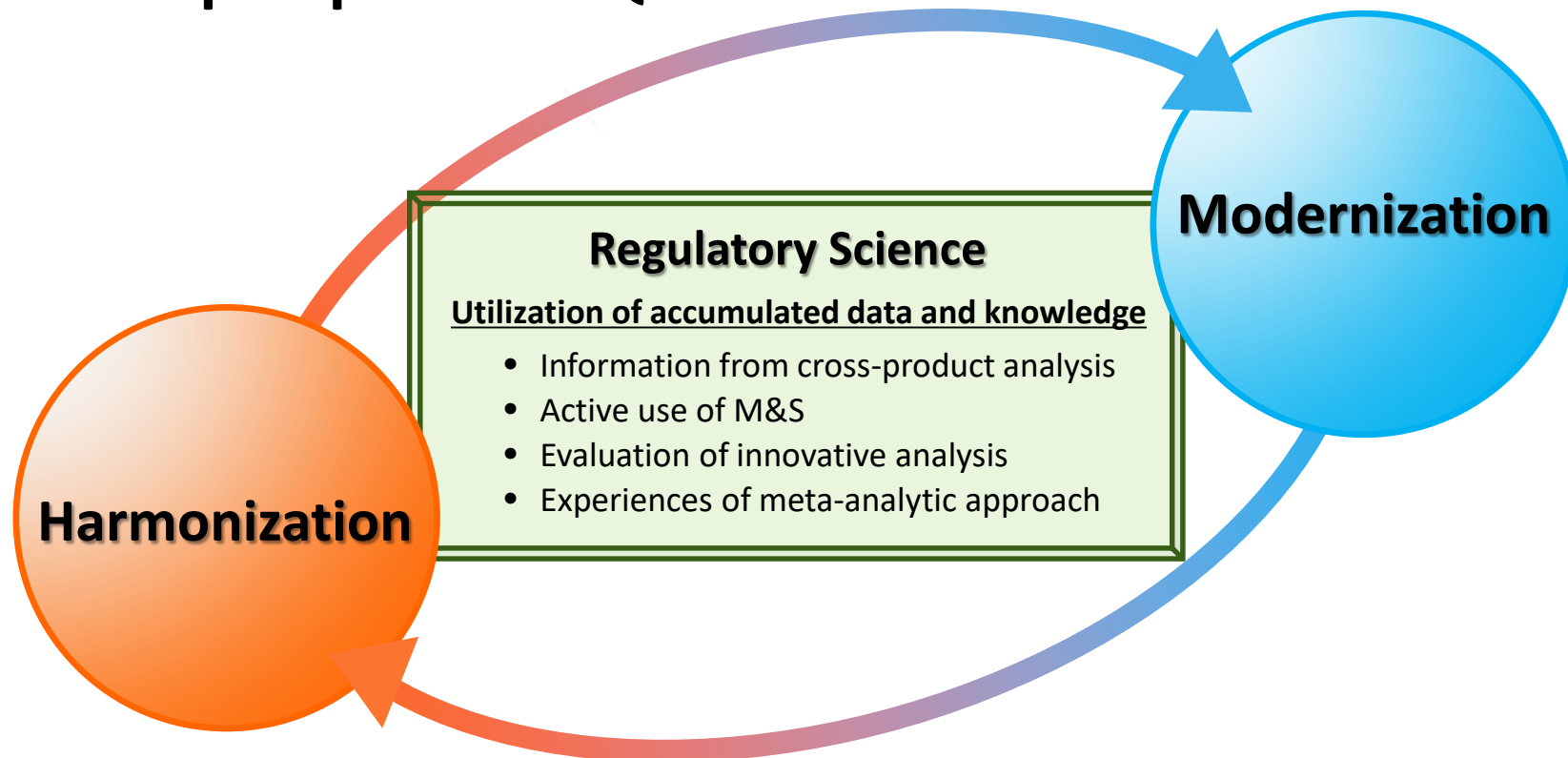
- Use of innovative and appropriate methods for the purpose

- Contribution to data standardization

Use of various data sources in the future

- Importance of study quality, data quality, and data standardization
- Innovative methods for analyzing data from various data sources

| Future prospects on Quantitative M&S in PMDA



| Conclusion

- Over the last two years, three guidelines have been published for important and basic modeling techniques in Japan.
- M&S PT supports to review on M&S and MIDD in PMDA, and M&S PT has experiences in over 100 cases.
- Quantitative M&S is useful for existing information including e-study data, and the integrated knowledge is expected to contribute to the efficiency of drug development.

| Acknowledgments

- AMED and the AMED research group “Utilization of cross-product analyses of clinical study data and analyses of patient registry data for drug development”
- Modeling & Simulation Project Team
- Office of Advanced Evaluation with Electronic Data



独立行政法人 医薬品医療機器総合機構
Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency

PMDA Public Workshop
“Role of Model Informed Drug Development”
March 24, 2021

Thank you