## COVID-19 measures in Japan

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PHARMACEUTICALS AND MEDICAL DEVICES AGENCY



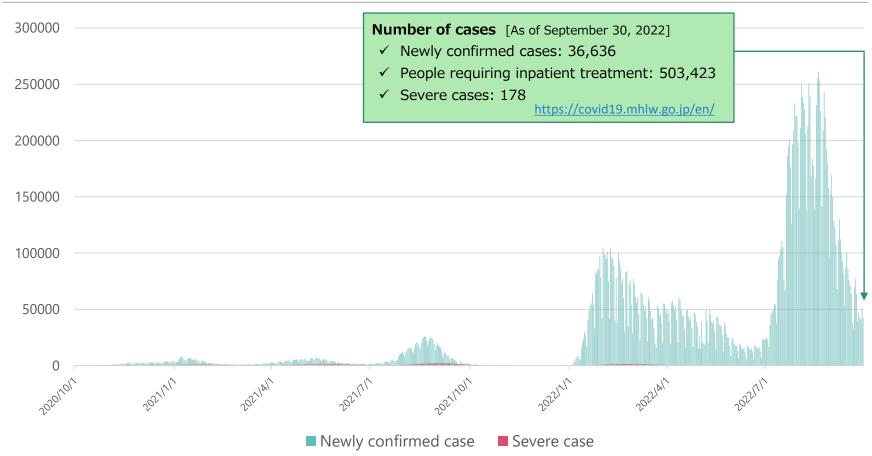
- Situation of COVID-19 in Japan
- Regulatory Efforts to address COVID-19
  - COVID-19 related products
  - Other products
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## Situation of COVID-19 in Japan



#### Preventing COVID-19 and stopping its spread

-What should I do in my everyday life? -

https://www.c19.mhlw.go.jp/covid-19-en.html













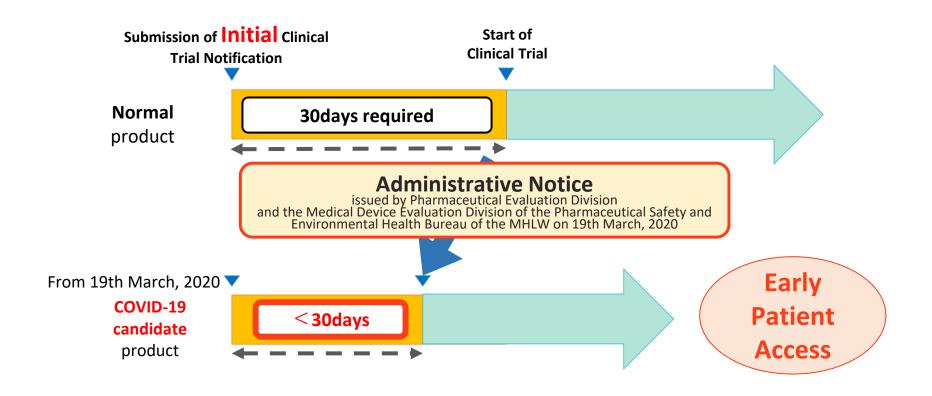




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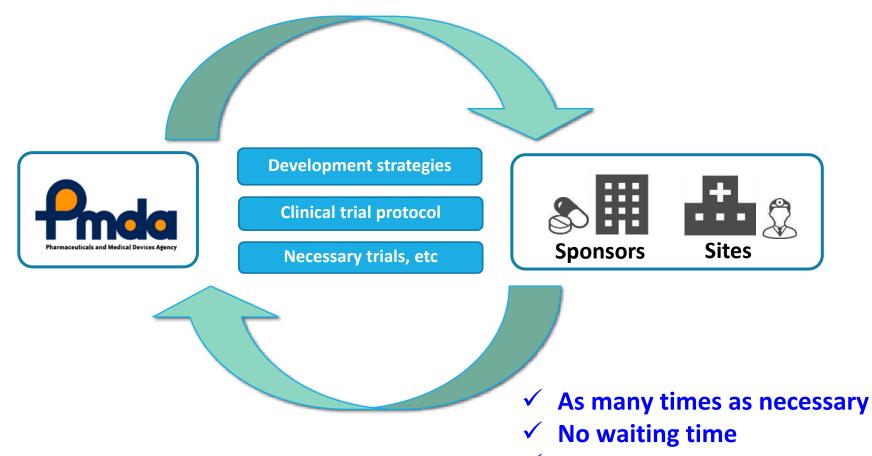
## Accelerating product development



https://www.pmda.go.jp/english/int-activities/0001.pdf https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000235010.pdf (JP)



# Free Scientific Advice for COVID-19 vaccine development



https://www.pmda.go.jp/review-services/f2f-pre/strategies/0010.html (JP) https://www.pmda.go.jp/english/int-activities/0002.pdf

Free of charge

## Approved Medical Products for COVID-19

### Since March 2022

Products	Number of Approvals
Drugs	8
Vaccines	5
Medical Devices	27
In Vitro Diagnostics	117

<sup>\*</sup>As of September 30, 2022

English review reports available at:

https://www.pmda.go.jp/english/about-pmda/0002.html

#### Report on the Deliberation Result

February 10, 2022

Pharmaceutical Evaluation Division, Pharmaceutical Safety and Environmental Health Bureau Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

Brand Name Paxlovid PACK

Non-proprietary Name Nirmatrelvir (JAN\*) and Ritonavir (JAN\*)

Applicant Pfizer Japan Inc.

Date of Application January 14, 2022

#### Results of Deliberation

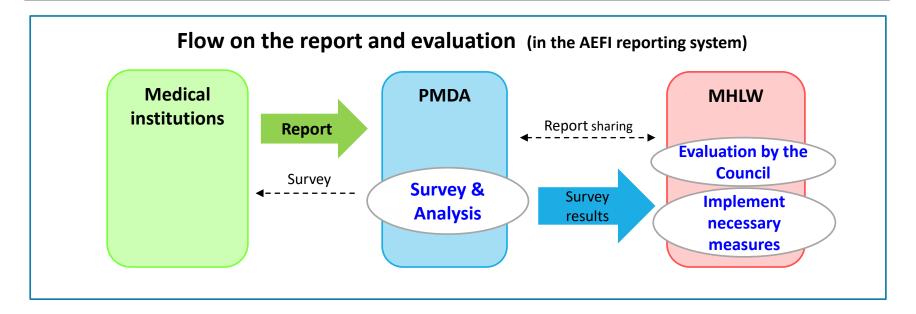
Under the current pandemic of disease caused by a novel coronavirus (severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 [SARS-CoV-2]), the applicant has submitted an application for approval of the product on the understanding that the product is qualified for approval based on Article 14-3, Paragraph 1 of the Act on Securing Quality, Efficacy and Safety of Products Including Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices (Act No. 145 of 1960, hereinafter referred to as the "Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Act").

In its meeting held on February 10, 2022, the Second Committee on New Drugs discussed whether the product was qualified for Special Approval for Emergency under Article 14-3, Paragraph 1 of the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Act. The Committee concluded that the product may be approved with the conditions listed below, and that this result should be presented to the Pharmaceutical Affairs Department of the Pharmaceutical Affairs and Food Sanitation Council.

The product is not classified as a biological product or a specified biological product. The re-examination period is 8 years. The drug substance, nirmatrelvir, is not classified as a poisonous drug or a powerful drug, and its drug product is classified as a powerful drug.



# Post-marketing Surveillance and safety evaluation of COVID-19 vaccines

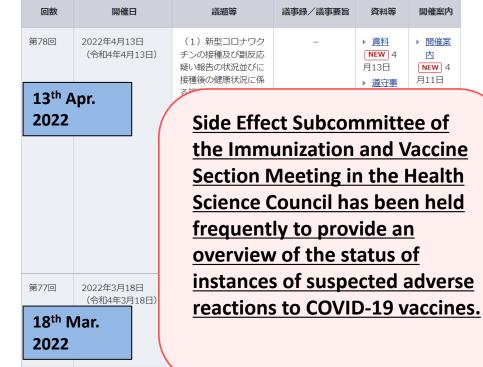


- Expert Advisory Council (in MHLW)
  - Monitoring the number of reports, evaluation of individual cases and considerations of necessary measures
- MHLW, NIID, PMDA
  - Real time monitoring of safety information reported
  - Conducting field surveys on individual cases for details, if necessary



## Transparency on Vaccine Safety

#### **Health Sciences Council Assessment**



MHLW Press Release: Report of suspected death after receiving the COVID-19 vaccine

新型コロナワクチンの接種後の死亡事例の報告について(1例目)

### **Information contains:**

- Status
- Vaccine Name
- Date of vaccination & occurrence
- Age, Sex, Health issues
- Evaluation

https://www.mhlw.go.jp/stf/newpage 17104.htm (JP)I

https://www.mhlw.go.jp/stf/shingi/shingi-yakuji\_127869.html (JP)



# Safety Information of COVID-19 related products



# "Principles for the Evaluation of Vaccines Against the Novel Coronavirus SARS-COV-2"

### **Background**

- To ensure the efficacy and safety of vaccines used in Japan and accelerate vaccine development, the first edition of a guidance summarizing principles for evaluation on non-clinical and clinical study data required for initiation of a clinical study and application for approval was issued on September 2, 2020.
- To date, Appendices 1, 2, and 3 have been issued to supplement the first version in view of the current social circumstance and findings from development of vaccines against SARS-CoV-2.

### **Guidelines**

- 2 Sep., 2020 1st Edition
- 5 Apr., 2021 Appendix 1 Evaluation of vaccines against variants
- 11 Jun., 2021 Appendix 2 Ethical Considerations for Subjects in Placebo-Controlled studies
- 22 Oct., 2021 Appendix 3 Evaluation of the vaccines based on immunogenicity
- 15 Jul., 2022 Appendix 4 Evaluation of adapted versions of vaccines already in use to contain variants and new booster vaccines based on immunogenicity

## Special Approval for Emergency (SAE)

**Under article 14-3 of the PMD Act**, a certain medical product may be approved when

- 1. an emergency situation requires an unapproved medical product to be used to prevent damage to the public health caused by the spread of diseases
- 2. such emergency situation cannot be managed appropriately by any means other than the use of the unapproved product, and
- 3. such product is legally available in a country with a regulatory system for medical products that is equivalent to Japan



# Amendment of the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Act (PMD Act)

### 1. Marketing Approval in Emergencies

New mechanisms to enable early marketing approval in emergencies.

### (1) Eligibility of pharmaceutical, etc. to which the early approval is applicable

A pharmaceutical, etc. that needs to be used urgently in order to prevent the spread of a disease or other health hazard that could seriously affect the lives and health of people is eligible for early approval if there is no alternative existing treatment.

### (2) Application standards

Assuming that safety has been confirmed, approval may be granted if the efficacy of the pharmaceutical, etc. has been estimated.

### (3) Conditions and term of approval

As approval is granted at the early stage where efficacy has been estimated, conditions are provided to ensure the proper use of the pharmaceutical, etc. and restrictions are set in place that limit the duration of the approval to a short term.

### (4) Special measures to expedite review process

Special measures are introduced for GMP inspections, national verifications as well as regulations on containers and packaging of the pharmaceutical, etc., in order to expedite review process for approval.

### 2. Creation of a mechanism for electronic prescriptions



## Relief service for COVID-19 vaccine/ therapeutics in Japan

To our knowledge, no model currently fulfills this framework. Our framework enables the collection of appropriate data and the development of relevant live models that can inform PPE allocation during any future public health crises.

SH, RB, and MLR are unpaid volunteers and executive board members of Get Us PPC. SH is an unpaid lawyer for the American College of Emergency Physicians PPC Supply Chain Task Force. SH is on the advisory board for COVID Act Now and the Safeter app. cofounder of CovID college of Emergency Physician PPC Supply Chain Task Force; receives research funding from the Foundation for Opioid Response Efforts, and reports personal fees from MazeEmgineers, Withings, Boston Globe, and the American College of Emergency Physicians. RA is a member of the board of the US Global Health of the National Academies. MLR reports grants from National Rostutes of Health (NIHH) and the

#### No-fault compensation schemes for COVID-19 medical products

No-fault compensation schemes for severe adverse events can help build confidence in vaccine safety after marketing. 25 of the 194 WHO member states have implemented such no-fault vaccine injury compensation programmes. Although the USA is covering COVID-19 vaccine-associated adverse events with the US Countermeasures Injury Compensation Program (CICP) for the duration of the public health emergency declaration, the country is having challenging

Agency (PMDA).<sup>3</sup> In fiscal year 2019, the PMDA received 1590 relief claims, 1285 of which were certified, and US\$22.6 million was paid within the same fiscal year.<sup>8</sup>

The COVID-19 pandemic presents an opportunity not only for vaccines, but also for covering drugs under no-fault compensation schemes.

YF reports speaker fees from AstraZ eneca, Chugai Pharmaceuticals, Dailchi Sankyo, Bristol-Myers, SRL, and Santen Pharamceuticals. All other authors declare no competing interests.

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Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency, Tokyo 100-0013, Japan (YF, YO); Health Service Bureau, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, Tokyo, Japan (SH) The Art years and place

Few countries have relief service in COVID-pandemic

For the Countermeasures Injury Compensation Program see https://www.hrsa.gov/cicp

www.thelancet.com Vol 397 May 8, 2021

1707

Lancet. May 08, 2021. DOI:https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(21)00784-4

**Vaccines** 

Relief System for Injury to Health with Vaccination (MHLW) (Funded by government subsidy and contribution from MAH)

Therapeutics

Relief Services for Adverse Health Effects (PMDA) (Funded by government, prefecture and Municipalities)

The services are applied to all vaccines/therapeutics including COVID-19 products approved as Special Approval for Emergency

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## Flexibility in regulation

- Difficulty in conducting drug development under emergency conditions the same way as in normal circumstances
- Measures that differ from the provisions of the study protocol and normal procedures

Q&A on conducting clinical trials of pharmaceuticals, medical devices and regenerative medical products under the influence of COVID-19 infection

#### 新型コロナウイルス感染症の影響下での医薬品、医療機器及び再生医療等製品の 治験実施に係るQ&Aについて

現在実施中の医薬品、医療機器及び再生医療等製品の治験において、新型コロナウイルス感染症 の影響により治験実施計画書の規定及び通常の手頭に異なる対応を取らざるを得ない場合は、被 験者の安全確保を最優先とした上で、経緯及び対応の記録を残し、その妥当性について説明できる ようにしてください。また、実施医療機関において疑義が生じる場合の対応については、まずは治 験依頼者と協議・相談してください。

これまでにいただいたお問い合わせに対する回答を、以下にご紹介しますので参考としてくださ い。なお、内容については、今後のお問い合わせに応じて更新いたします。

> 2020年3月27日作成 2020年4月2日更新 2020年4月21日更新 2020年5月26日更新

- Q1 実施医療機関に来院できない等により、被験者が治験薬、治験機器又は治験製品(以下「治 験薬等」という。)を直接受け取れない場合、実施医療機関から被験者宅に配送してよい か、実施医療機関、小動性の群、
- Q1-2 実施中の治験において、治験薬等を被験者宅に連やかに配送する必要があるため、事前に すべての実施医療機関と配送業者の間で、上記AIに示される医薬品GCP省令第39 条の2等の必受託契約を締結することが難しい場合、治験依頼者が適定・契約する配送業 者により配送してもよいが、(単純医療機関・治験依頼者)
- A1-2 実施医療機関と衝験依頼者で協議し、至急の対応を要する場合においては可能である。ただし、治験薬等の品質管理や核験者の個人情報等の取扱いを含めた業務内容を適切に取り決め、核験者でへの治験薬等の配送業務に係る責任の所在は実施医療機関にあることを表示の必要、リストの認知を利したいであせまる。トラの場合はおいて、実施の会別により、というなどの記録を利したいであります。

『者で合意している旨の記録を残した上で実施すること。その場合においても、事後的 『施医療機関と配送業者の間で、上記A1に示される医薬品GCP者令第39条の2 》委受託契約を締結すること。また、経緯及び対応の記録を作成し保存すること。

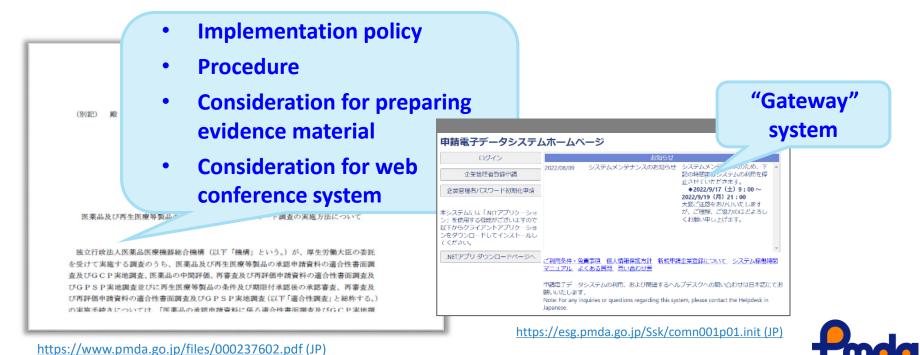
「コロナウイルス威染症の影響により治験審査委員会(以下「IRB」という。) が開催

000235164.pdf (JP)

https://www.pmda.go.jp/files/000235164.pdf (JP)

## Remote GCP Inspections

- Remote GCP inspections have started from May 2020.
- Notification documenting the method of remote GCP inspections was published on Nov. 16, 2020.
- Documents can be submitted through "Gateway" system from Jul. 1, 2022



## Remote GMP Inspections

- Since 2020 Traveling overseas has been strictly limited due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- On-site inspections at foreign manufacturing sites have not been conducted.
- It is difficult to predict the future international situation. There is a concern that on-site inspections at foreign manufacturing sites may not be conducted for an extended period of time.

PMDA mainly conducts (advanced) desktop inspections or postponed on-site inspections. Since it is difficult to understand the actual situation of the manufacturing sites only by desktop inspections, a new method of inspection needs to be developed to thoroughly examine the manufacturing sites with higher risks.

As a more effective means of inspection compared to the conventional desktop inspections, <a href="PMDA started the examination and operation of "Remote Inspection with ICT Tool."</a>



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# Communication with global regulatory authorities





## Summary

- Regulatory Agilities/Efforts to;
  - Encourage COVID-19 products development
  - Accelerate COVID-19 products review
  - Ensure COVID-19 products safety
  - Conduct the regular service to protect efficacy, safety and quality of medical products
- Promoting Global Cooperation



## Thank you for listening.

謝謝.

