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Translated by Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency



This English version is intended to be a reference material to provide convenience for users. In the event of inconsistency between the Japanese original and this

English translation, the former shall prevail.

Revision of Precautions Nifedipine

December 5, 2022

Therapeutic category

Vasodilators

Non-proprietary name

Nifedipine

Safety measure

Precautions should be revised.

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Filamaceulical Allairs Buleau, IVII IVV, dateu April 23, 1997 (Old Instruction	Trevised language is underlined.
Current	Revised
Contraindications	Contraindications
Pregnant women (less than 20 weeks of pregnancy) or women who	(deleted)
may be pregnant	
Use during Pregnancy, Delivery, or Lactation	Use during Pregnancy, Delivery, or Lactation
This drug should not be administered to pregnant women (less than	(deleted)
20 weeks of pregnancy) or women who may be pregnant.	
[Teratogenicity and foetal toxicity have been reported in animal	
studies.]	
This drug should be administered to women after 20 weeks of	This drug should be administered to pregnant women or women who
pregnancy only if the potential therapeutic benefits are considered to	may be pregnant only if the potential therapeutic benefits are
outweigh the potential risks. [The safety of this drug administered	considered to outweigh the potential risks. [Teratogenicity and foetal
during pregnancy has not been established.]	toxicity have been reported in animal studies.]
Prior to administration, the latest relevant guidelines, etc. should be	Prior to administration, the latest relevant guidelines, etc. should be
referred to. In order to avoid acute and excessive decrease in blood	referred to. In order to avoid acute and excessive decrease in blood
pressure, basically, long-acting preparations of this drug should be	pressure, basically, long-acting preparations of this drug should be
administered with a full understanding of the characteristics of each	administered with a full understanding of the characteristics of each
preparation. In addition, mothers, foetuses, and neonates should be	preparation. In addition, mothers, foetuses, and neonates should be
carefully monitored. If any abnormalities such as excessive decrease	carefully monitored. If any abnormalities such as excessive decrease
in blood pressure and decrease in foetal placental circulation are	in blood pressure and decrease in foetal placental circulation are

Revision in line with the Instructions for Package Inserts of Prescription Drugs, PAB Notification No. 606 by the Director General of Pharmaceutical Affairs Bureau, MHW, dated April 25, 1997 (Old instructions): Revised language is underlined.

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observed, appropriate measures should be taken. [In cases of	observed, appropriate measures should be taken. [In cases of
administration to pregnant women, excessive decrease in blood	administration to pregnant women, excessive decrease in blood
pressure, etc. have been reported.]	pressure, etc. have been reported.]

Revision in line with the Instructions for Electronic Package Inserts of Prescription Drugs, etc. PSEHB Notification No. 0611-1 by the Director of Pharmaceutical Safety and Environmental Health Bureau, MHLW, dated June 11, 2021 (New instructions): Revised language is underlined.

Current	Revised
2. CONTRAINDICATIONS	2. CONTRAINDICATIONS
Pregnant women (less than 20 weeks of pregnancy) or women who	(deleted)
may be pregnant	
9. PRECAUTIONS CONCERNING PATIENTS WITH SPECIFIC	9. PRECAUTIONS CONCERNING PATIENTS WITH SPECIFIC
BACKGROUNDS	BACKGROUNDS
9.5 Pregnant Women	9.5 Pregnant Women
This drug should not be administered to pregnant women (less than	(deleted)
20 weeks of pregnancy) or women who may be pregnant.	
Teratogenicity and foetal toxicity have been reported in animal	
studies.	
This drug should be administered to women after 20 weeks of	This drug should be administered to pregnant women or women who
pregnancy only if the potential therapeutic benefits are considered to	may be pregnant only if the potential therapeutic benefits are
outweigh the potential risks.	considered to outweigh the potential risks. Teratogenicity and foetal
Prior to administration, the latest relevant guidelines, etc. should be	toxicity have been reported in animal studies.
referred to. In order to avoid acute and excessive decrease in blood	Prior to administration, the latest relevant guidelines, etc. should be

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pressure, basically, long-acting preparations of this drug should be administered with a full understanding of the characteristics of each preparation. In addition, mothers, foetuses, and neonates should be carefully monitored. If any abnormalities such as excessive decrease in blood pressure and decrease in foetal placental circulation are observed, appropriate measures should be taken. In cases of administration to pregnant women, excessive decrease in blood pressure, etc. have been reported. referred to. In order to avoid acute and excessive decrease in blood pressure, basically, long-acting preparations of this drug should be administered with a full understanding of the characteristics of each preparation. In addition, mothers, foetuses, and neonates should be carefully monitored. If any abnormalities such as excessive decrease in blood pressure and decrease in foetal placental circulation are observed, appropriate measures should be taken. In cases of administration to pregnant women, excessive decrease in blood pressure, etc. have been reported.

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