



Regulatory Updates on Biosimilars in Japan

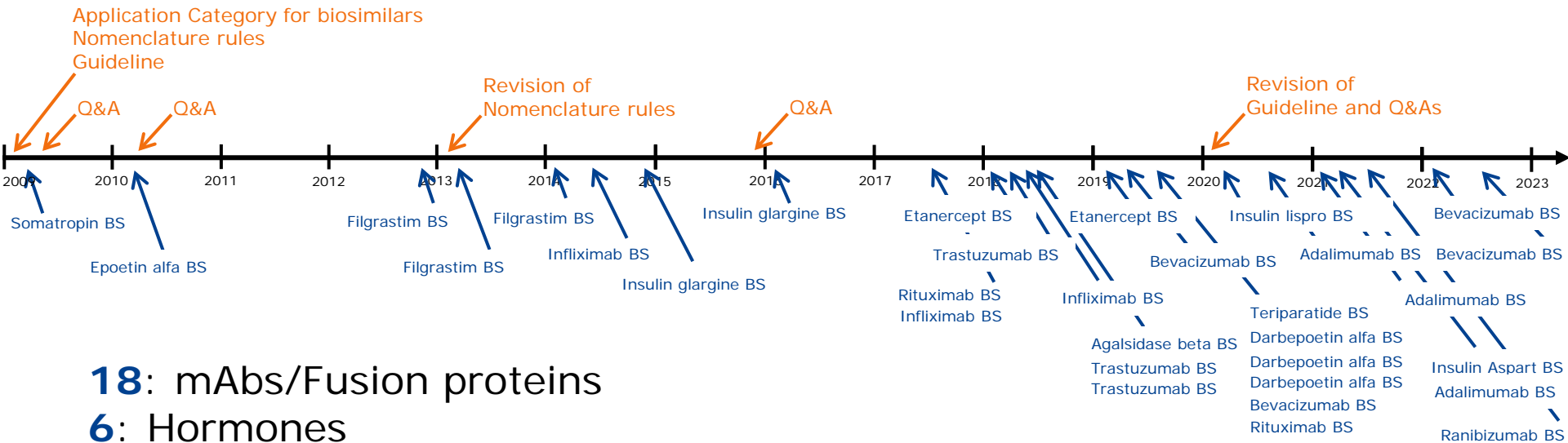
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The views and opinions expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter and should not necessarily represent the views and opinions of the PMDA.

Outline

- Regulatory History and Status of Biosimilars
- PMDA International Collaboration
- Future Perspective

Regulatory History and Status of Biosimilars



18: mAbs/Fusion proteins

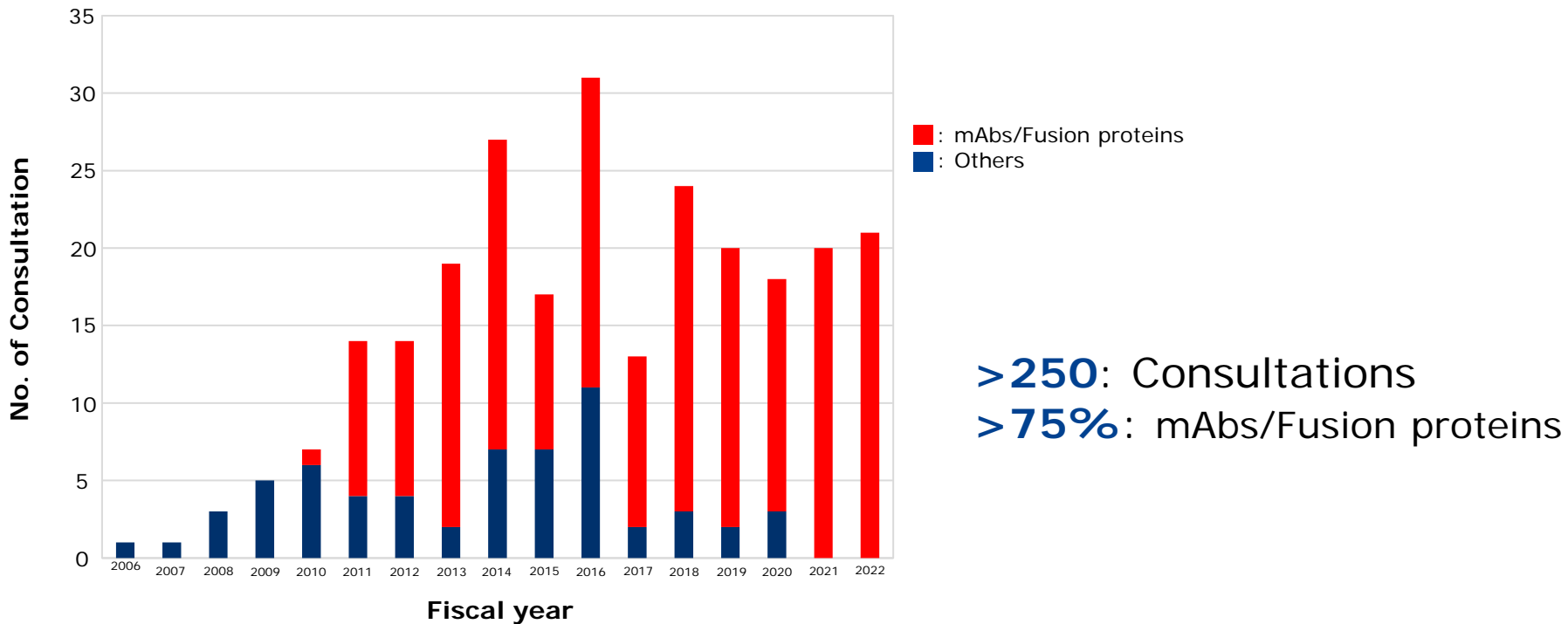
6: Hormones

4: EPOs

3: Cytokines

1: Enzymes

Consultation for Biosimilars





PMDA Multilateral Collaboration



WHO (1948-) is the directing and coordinating authority on international health within the United Nations' system.



ICMRA (2012-) is a voluntary, executive-level, strategic coordinating, advocacy and leadership entity of regulatory authorities



ICH (1990 renovation 2015-) unique in bringing together the regulatory authorities and pharmaceutical industry to discuss scientific and technical aspects of drug registration



IPRP (2018-) for exchange of information and regulatory cooperation for pharmaceuticals



APEC-LSIF-RHSC (2009-) for regulatory convergence by promoting ICH and other international guidelines in the APEC region



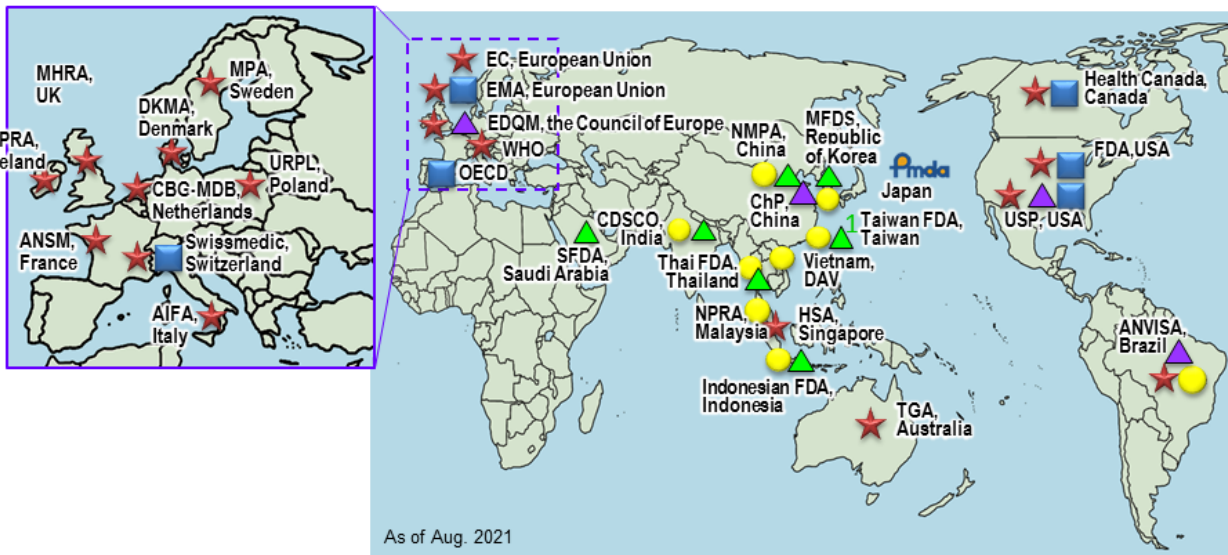
PIC/S (1995-) for harmonizing inspection procedures and facilitating communication



GHTF (1992-)/ IMDRF (2012-) for harmonizing medical device regulations

etc.

PMDA Bilateral Collaboration



★ Confidentiality Arrangement signed

▲ Cooperative Arrangement signed

● Joint symposium held

▲ Cooperative Arrangement on cooperation of pharmacopoeia signed

■ PMDA staff stationed at the agency

▲¹ Cooperative Arrangement signed between the Interchange Association of Japan and East Asia Relations of Taiwan

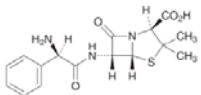
Approach to Development of Follow-on products

depends on;

- Analytical techniques
- Understanding of quality attributes relevant to efficacy and safety
- Residual uncertainty
- Experience/Knowledge (Regulatory confidence/relief)

Small molecules

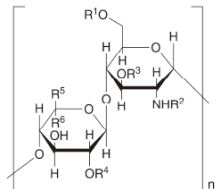
Anhydrous Ampicillin



small
&
simple

Sugar

Parnaparin Sodium



Nucleic acid



Peptide

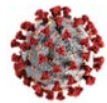
Insulin Human



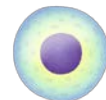
Protein



Virus



Cell

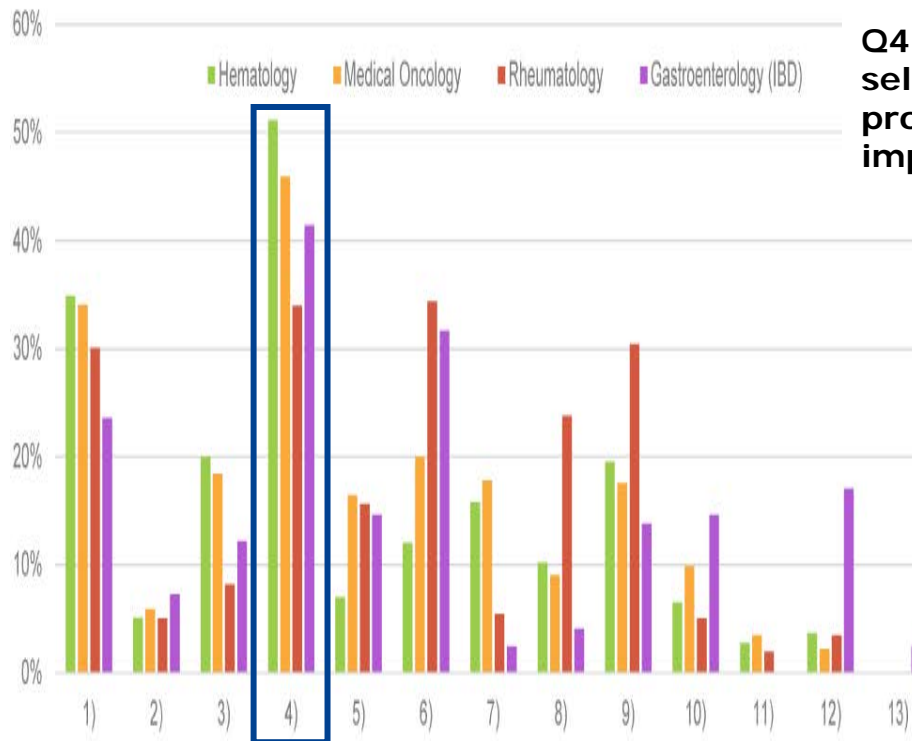


Tissue



large
&
complex

With Stakeholders



Q4-2. What information do you think is necessary when selecting and adopting biosimilars (mAbs and fusion proteins) in your department/hospital? (two most important answers)

- 1) Results of comparative studies b/w BS and RP in quality attributes
- 2) Results of comparative studies b/w BS and RP in non-clinical studies
- 3) Results of comparative studies b/w BS and RP in clinical PK/PD studies
- 4) **Results of comparative studies b/w BS and RP in PIII clinical trials**
- 5) Results of domestic post-marketing surveillance
- 6) Results of clinical trials on switching from RP to BS
- 7) Treatment guidelines from relevant academic societies
- 8) Information on the stable supply of BS
- 9) Information on national health insurance and delivery price, incl. a comparison of the estimated patient burden for the RP vs. BS, taking into consideration the high cost of medical care (under a high medical cost payment system)
- 10) Overseas data on BS utilization and studies on efficacy and safety
- 11) No. of hospitals in Japan that have adopted BSs
- 12) Others (please specify)
- 13) Not involvement in biosimilar adoption (or no particular information required)

Thank you for your attention!

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