This document is an English-translated version of an attachment of a notification for Revision of PRECAUTIONS issued by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare. This English version is intended to be a reference material to provide convenience for users. In the event of inconsistency between the Japanese original and this English translation, the former shall prevail.

## **Revision of PRECAUTIONS**

Ibuprofen piconol Indometacin (patches) Diclofenac sodium (dermatologic preparation) Piroxicam (dermatologic preparation) Flurbiprofen (dermatologic preparation) Loxoprofen sodium hydrate (dermatologic preparation)

October 8, 2024

**Therapeutic category** Analgesics, anti-itchings, astrigents and anti-inflammatory agents

## Non-proprietary name

Ibuprofen piconol Indometacin (patches) Diclofenac sodium (dermatologic preparation) Piroxicam (dermatologic preparation) Flurbiprofen (dermatologic preparation) Loxoprofen sodium hydrate (dermatologic preparation)

## Safety measure

PRECAUTIONS should be revised.

Revised language is underlined.

Current	Revised
9. PRECAUTIONS CONCERNING PATIENTS WITH SPECIFIC	9. PRECAUTIONS CONCERNING PATIENTS WITH SPECIFIC
BACKGROUNDS	BACKGROUNDS
9.5 Pregnant Women	9.5 Pregnant Women
Pregnant women or women who may be pregnant should be	Pregnant women or women who may be pregnant should be
administered this drug only if the potential therapeutic benefits are	administered this drug only if the potential therapeutic benefits are
considered to outweigh the potential risks. It has been reported that	considered to outweigh the potential risks. It has been reported that
constriction of the foetal ductus arteriosus occurred in pregnant	constriction of the foetal ductus arteriosus occurred in pregnant
women who had used other dermatologic preparations of NSAIDs in	women who had used cyclooxygenase inhibitors in their second
their third trimester of pregnancy. In addition, renal impairment and	and/or third trimester of pregnancy. In addition, renal impairment and
decreased urine output in foetuses as well as accompanying	decreased urine output in foetuses as well as accompanying
oligohydramnios have been reported following use of	oligohydramnios have been reported following use of
cyclooxygenase inhibitors (oral dosage form or suppository) in	cyclooxygenase inhibitors (oral dosage form or suppository) in
pregnant women.	pregnant women.